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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1893. NO. 42.

Something New.

As the unfavorable state of the weather has prevented many people from getting out, we will continue until the end of the month our **Special Sale of Silverware and Clocks at 30 per cent. off,** as well as the additional line of

Diamonds,
Gold and Silver Watches,
And Fine Jewellery,
At 20 per cent. off.

These are all new and well assorted goods and at the regular price are bargains. Taken now they are at a price with which none can compete, and all goods sold by us are guaranteed to be exactly as represented.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Next door to Kerr & Begg's. 47 Government St.,

ALL FINE GOODS MANUFACTURED ON THE PREMISES. THE MOST DIFFICULT WATCH REPAIRS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

BEST

Northfield Coal.

Everyone can get the Best Coal in quantity AT PORTER'S WHARF. Apply to Capt. E. McCoskrie, or Jasper P. Birch, agent on the wharf, Telephone 46.

PRICE---$7 per Ton, delivered to any part of the City. Full weight guaranteed.

Orders left at Capt. Clark's, Telephone No. 110; or at J. Haggarty's, 204 Yates Street.

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months
Interest on deferred payments.
For particulars apply to

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

TROUT LAKE CITY

WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE will be placed on the market shortly. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The owners intend to expend money on streets and other improvements in the Spring. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The first 100 Lots will be sold for $200 for corners, $150 inside.

For further particulars apply to C. E. PERRY & Co., at the Head Office, NELSON, B.C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

## RESEMBLES DE REINACH'S

**Deputy Zerbi of Rome Dies Under Circumstances That Provoke Much Gossip.**

**He Was Seriously Implicated in the Notorious Roman Bank Scandals.**

**The Meaning of the Word Protestant —Be Wanted to Die in Public.**

ROME, Feb. 20.—Deputy Zerbi, whose name has been prominently connected with the bank scandal as the recipient of 40,000 francs in bribes from the Bank of Rome, is dead. His death, under the circumstances, creates surprise similar to that occasioned by the death of Baron de Reinach in Paris, who was implicated in the Panama scandal.

**A Woman in It.**

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Alexander Durham, aged 25, a dealer in sponges, determined yesterday morning to commit suicide. He was anxious that the public should know all about it, and so he hired a small boy to go to the office of a morning paper with a note which read: "Send a reporter immediately to room 712 Auditorium Hotel." The reporter arrived at the hotel at the same moment with B. T. VanAllan, a friend of Durham's, who had also been invited to witness the suicide. As they entered the room Durham jumped from the bed where he was lying and placed a pistol to his breast, but before he could pull the trigger VanAllan wrenched the weapon from his grasp. Then the young man broke down and cried; he wanted so much to die, he said. He was taken to Harrison street station, where he said his mother lived in New York; that he had left there six years ago. As to the cause of the attempted suicide, he said: "There is a woman in the case, but I will not disclose her name. Because she refused to marry me, I determined to end a life that without her was not worth living."

**What is a Protestant?**

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—Who are Protestants? is the question sought to be solved by a suit, the first papers of which were filed yesterday. In 1852 Ethan Stine of Storrs township, died bequeathing in trust to the trustees of that township, a considerable sum for the support of Protestant churches and schools. The will provided that once in ten years a vote should be taken in which "all Protestants" were to participate and determine which denomination should have the income from the fund for the following term of years. After forty years of peaceful rotation of the fund a question of "citizenship" as it were, has arisen. It is sought to ascertain who, under the will, have the right to vote. Is it only the recognized members of the churches, or does it include children past members and sympathizers who are non-communicants?

**Harrison on the Gold Balance.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The President since his return from duck hunting is quoted as saying that he finds the condition of the gold balances in the treasury much better that he expected, and no necessity for the issuance of bonds. He is firm, it is said, in the opinion that the demand for export gold is not only artificial, but that it shows the effect of an international conspiracy in which London bankers are interested, and that as soon as it becomes known that there will be no bonds issued, the heavy drafts upon American gold will cease.

**Makowsky and his Wife.**

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Among the passengers from Havre to New York to-day were Constantine Makowsky, the celebrated Russian artist, and his young wife, the latter having the reputation of being one of the most beautiful women in all Muscovy. They will make their home in New York until May, and will then go to Chicago, where the artist has several of his pictures on exhibition.

## CHRIST CHURCH TROUBLES.

**Evangelical Services Now Being Held in the Old Building.**

VANCOUVER, Feb. 20.—J. Z. Hall has been appointed treasurer of South Vancouver municipality without salary. That municipality will not disfranchise electors who do not pay their taxes.

Three members of the disbanded congregation of Christ Church have rented the old building and part of the congregation will continue to hold evangelical services there. Bishop Sillitoe, the chaplain and Canon Woods conducted evangelical services yesterday. The church was crowded with those who left the congregation when the first trouble arose two years ago.

Nutt and Boyd and J. P. Shindler have been awarded the contract for an addition to the court house.

On Saturday night two drunken men attacked Stephen Green, caretaker of the court house and kicked him severely.

**Hidden Treasure.**

GALLIPOLIS, Ohio, Feb. 20.—What is now the First National bank of this city was robbed of $40,000 forty years ago. The thief was caught and sent to prison, but the money was never recovered. John Fletcher, president of the bank, has now a diagram by the thief, who recently died, showing where the money was hidden, and Mr. Fletcher expects to recover it.

## FOUR FOUND GUILTY.

**Conviction of the Bawnmore Kidnappers and Sentences Imposed To-day.**

**The Two Negro Highwaymen and the Chinese Offender are Also Sentenced.**

NANAIMO, Feb. 20.—The Bawhmore kidnapping case was brought to a close on Saturday night after a three days' trial. Mr. Justice Crease said at the opening of the court on Saturday, that in order to expedite business the highway robbery case would be tried by Judge Harrison in the old court house. The Attorney-General acquiesced and Judge Harrison left the bench for the purpose. The case for the prosecution closed a little before noon.

Mr. C. Wilson in opening the case for the defence subjected the opening address of the Attorney-General to a severe criticism, and repeatedly censured the means adopted by him to impress upon the jury the guilt of the prisoners. The learned counsel quoted an extract from a recent copy of the Law Times, referring to the mode of procedure of the greatest English lawyers in conducting a case for the prosecution, which was to lay the facts of the case before the jury in a calm, dispassionate manner, without any attempt to inflame their minds against the persons on trial. He ridiculed the statement made by the Attorney-General that the whole world had their eyes on Nanaimo at the present time, concerning this case, or that the colonial secretary or Sir John Thompson were taking any particular interest in the case. He concluded his remarks on the address by stating what an awkward position Sir John Thompson would be placed in should it subsequently happen that an appeal were made to him for mercy.

"Don't be overawed by great names or anything. Stick to your oaths, and you alone decide. Sir John Thompson, the Governor-General, the Colonial Secretary, Queen Victoria herself, none of these have anything to do with the case. The people of England don't care a snap for the verdict. It is possible that an amalgamated society of ship owners may care what the result is and perhaps such a society may have influenced the Colonial Secretary to take notice of the case. The secretary of the colonial office can trust a Nanaimo jury and a Nanaimo judge to do their duty. They are able to take care of themselves without any outside interference."

The evidence for the defence went to prove that no unusual disturbance was made on the vessel when the men were taken away. Mr. Wilson summed up the case in an eloquent appeal for an acquittal.

The Attorney-General followed by complimenting the counsel for the defence upon the able manner in which he conducted his case, but his remarks in opening the defence in the morning were hardly called for.

His Lordship then summed up at great length and it was close to 6 o'clock before the case was submitted to the jury. After a lengthy absence the jury returned a verdict of guilty against Massey, Poltine, McNally and Robinson, recommending the two first named to mercy. Hansen was found not guilty. Sentence was deferred until to-day.

The two negroes, Smith and Dooley, were tried by jury before Judge Harrison, and a verdict of guilty was returned against them. Laird, the third prisoner, was represented by Mr. J. H. Simpson, and a verdict of not guilty was returned in his case. Sentence deferred until to-day.

Judge Crease delivered the following sentence on the union men charged with kidnapping: McNallay, three years; Robertson, two years; Massey and Poltine, twelve months each. The two negroes were sentenced to five years each for the highway robbery from the person of Constable Shakespeare. The Chinaman convicted of sodomy got four years.

## SEALS IN THE FRASER.

**An Indication That Salmon are Running---The English Bay Breakwater.**

NEW WESTMINSTER, Feb. 20.—Many seals are now seen in the river since the ice started to go out yesterday. Fishermen say this is a sign of the salmon running. As soon as the river is clear many firms will put out boats for the spring fish.

The Islander reached the city this morning without the least trouble. Only drift ice was encountered.

Geo. Blackley and James Chambers won the building society's $2000 appropriation on Saturday night.

The Mischief sails to-day for Victoria, where she will be fitted out for the sealing season.

By a private communication from Montreal it is learned that the C. P. R. have let the contract to a firm there for building the massive breakwater at English Bay, but when the work is to be commenced is not stated.

## CUT OFF FROM HELP.

**Sad Fate of a Gallant Fire Captain at a Great Fire in Montreal To-Day.**

**Enormous Damage Likely to Result From the Conflagration Now Raging.**

**American Gold Reserve Fund Increasing---Another Shipment to Europe.**

MONTREAL, Feb. 20.—At 4:30 p. m. a destructive fire is raging on St. Henri street, between William and St. Paul streets. The loss to property will undoubtedly be heavy, and may cost the death of of one man at least. The fire broke out in the last and shoe establishment of Richard Smardot, 35 and 37 William street, and in a few minutes had traversed the whole length of the building. A general alarm was sounded, but the firemen had hardly got to work before the wall of the building fell in. The fire almost immediately took possession of the boot and shoe factory of J. E. Mullen & Co., adjoining, and facing on St. Paul street. The whole side of the block is in flames and inclined to spread to other buildings. Walls are falling in continually. Captain Provost, of No. 1 station had gained the upper story of Mullen's building, but was unable to return, owing to the dense smoke. He leaned out on the window and cried for help. Ladders were brought, but could not reach the height. The big extension ladders could not be placed in position in the lane, and the firemen were nonplussed. The poor fellow's voice could be heard through the smoke calling for help, but only once in a while could he be seen. He finally fell to the ground. He was picked up and taken to the Notre Dame hospital in the ambulance which was in attendance. It is feared he is fatally injured.

**Blake's Reply to Chamberlain.**

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Hon. Edward Blake's first speech in the House of Commons was a distinct success. He spoke for an hour and a half, impromptu, in reply to Mr. Chamberlain, forcibly dealing with the point raised by the latter, and holding the close attention of a full house. While he considered that the bill amply secured the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament, Mr. Blake said he objected to the suspension of the land question for three years. The Irish parliament, he thought, ought to be empowered to deal at once with the land problem. Much enthusiasm was shown when the speech was finished, both Liberals and Irish members cheering loudly, the latter standing up and waving their hands. Mr. Blake was warmly complimented on his speech by distinguished members of the Cabinet, who are said to have declared the speech one of the best ever heard within the walls of the Parliament building. The Liberal press is unanimous in his praise.

The Daily News says, 'the brilliant speech created a profound impression."

The Chronicle says: "The peroration was as fine as any the House of Commons has ever heard."

The Westminster Gazette remarks that "it was a bold thing for Mr. Blake to attempt an impromptu reply to Mr. Chamberlain." It gives him praise and says he acquitted himself very well.

The Times thinks Mr. Blake is evidently going to be run as the bye-man of the Nationalist party.

The St. James Gazette sneeringly describes the cheering as "artificial" and as that of a "hired clique."

**Venezuela's Government.**

CARACAS, Venezuela, Feb. 20.—The Venezuelan Congress assembled to day. Its first duty is to elect by ballot from among its members a council of sixteen. This council will select the president of the republic, with two vice-presidents from among its own members. It will also erect a federal judiciary. Joaquim Crespo, at present president by reason of his success in the last rebellion, will probably be chosen president. He held the office once before, his term having expired in 1886. The country is in a deplorable condition, owing to the feeling of insecurity, but a strenuous effort will be made by the new congress to restore confidence and to promote agriculture and commerce.

## UNITED STATES GOLD FUND.

**Secretary Foster Says the Treasury is in Better Condition Than Ever.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The attention of Secretary of Treasury Foster was called last evening to the report that arrangements had been made with New York bankers for the sale of $25,000,000 worth of United States bonds in England. The secretary promptly denied the truth of the report, at least to the extent of saying that he had no information whatever on the subject. If any such arrangement had been made, he said, he was not aware of the fact. "You may say emphatically, he added, "that I know nothing whatever about the matter." The secretary is inclined to think that certain American capitalists, having sent large quantities of gold out of the country through foreign Wall Street bankers, are endeavoring to avoid just criticism of their actions by having the censure fall upon the heads of those who acted as their agents. These bankers have become impatient at being made scapegoats of, and have ceased their gold shipments. There will be much less gold sent out of the country hereafter. The secretary said that the treasury is in much better condition now than it has been; there is $85,000,000 in addition to the $100,000,000 reserve fund, with no prospect of an unusual reduction at present, but rather a substantial increase.

In answer to a direct question as to whether he had issued any bonds, he said, "No, I have not; I would not take such a step unless it was a necessity. I have a right to issue bonds under the existing laws and I would not hesitate to do my duty in case of an emergency. Before issuing bonds I would feel obliged to consult my successor, for I have only two weeks to remain in office, and I would not care to do anything in that direction without first consulting him."

"How does the adoption of the Sherman bond amendment in the Senate affect the financial situation?"

"It provides that bonds may be sold to protect the gold reserve fund, which is to be kept to a certain point, under the Sherman amendment. If there is any prospect of the reserve fund falling below the point fixed by the existing practice, I may sell bonds to keep the fund intact without the Sherman amendment. I am permitted to sell bonds, but I cannot demand that they shall be paid for in gold. Under the existing law they may be paid for in coin or coin certificates."

The secretary concluded by saying that if even he desired to issue new bonds he would hardly have time to prepare them at the bureau of engraving and printing before the close of the present administration.

## D. W. GORDON, M.P.

**Death of the Member for Vancouver - Sketch of His Life.**

NANAIMO, Feb. 20.—D. W. Gordon, M. P., died on Sunday forenoon. He has been suffering from an affection of the heart for several years. During the last three weeks a fatal termination was feared by the friends of the deceased. The news has caused widespread regret, as Mr. Gordon, in private as in public life, was held in the highest respect. His death is a great public loss.

David William Gordon was born at Camden, in the county of Kent, Ontario, on February 27th, 1832, of United Empire Loyalist stock. He received a liberal education in the Kent county schools, afterwards learning his trade of carpenter and builder in Wallaceburg. Mr. Gordon left Ontario early in 1858, reaching Victoria in June. He went to California the following year and remained in the Golden State four years, sharing the wild adventures of the hardy pioneers at the mines and throughout that State. Returning to British Columbia he settled at Nanaimo, prospering in his business of contractor and builder. In 1876 he was defeated in the contest for the local legislature to represent Nanaimo. Next year he was elected at the head of the poll, representing the city two sessions, and was defeated at the general election of 1878. He was chiefly instrumental in forcing the Elliott government to carry through the bill know as the "Coal Mines Regulations Act, 1877." At the general election of 1878 Mr. Gordon contested the seat in the Commons but lost, being first returned to Ottawa August 4th, 1882, retaining the seat at the last general election.

Mr. Gordon was a Liberal-Conservative in politics and a prominent member of the Freemasons and Oddfellow's societies, and an adherent of the Church of England. He was twice married, first to Emma Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mr. James Robb, of Comox, who died Feb. 15th, 1882, and again on June 5th, 1886, to Statira Katharine, youngest daughter of Mr. Joseph Shepard, of Lansing, Ont.

## COMMISSIONED TO-DAY.

**The Pacific Flagship Will be H.M.S. Royal Arthur.**

H.M.S. Royal Arthur was commissioned to-day by Captain Clarke, late captain of H.M.S. Espiegle as flagship for Rear Admiral Stephenson, commander-in-chief of the Pacific squadron. The date she will be on the station cannot of course be determined. Lord Brassey's Naval Annual for 1892 thus describes her:

H.M.S. Royal Arthur, first-class cruiser, originally named Centaur before she was launched. She is copper sheathed. She has twin screws, and is a 7700 tons ship, with 1200 horse-power. Her draught of water is 23 feet 9 inches, length 360 feet, beam 60 feet. She was launched at Portsmouth in 1891. The makers of her engines were Maudslay & Co. Her total cost was £377,230. Her armament is one 9-22 tons B.L.R., twelve 6 quick firing, seventeen 6 pounders and 3-pounders, eight machine guns, four fish torpedoes, and one launching carriage. Her speed is 19.5 knots. She carries 850 tons of coal, which is estimated to take her 10,000 knots at 10 knots per hour. On her trial trip she made over 20 knots. She is not armored, but has a steel protected deck over her vital parts.

The new battle ship Temeraire which is to be stationed at Esquimalt is thus described by the same authority. H.M.S. Temeraire, battle ship, twin screws and barbette built of iron and sheathed with a zinc sheathing outside, of 8540 tons, with 7530 horse power. She draws 25 feet 2 inches of water, is 285 feet long, with 62 feet beam. She was built at Chatham in 1877, Humphrey & Tennant were the makers of her engines. The hull cost £352,015, and engines £102,954. Her side armor is 11" 10' 9" 5", bulkheads 8" 5", fore barbette 10", after barbette 8", backing 12" and 10". She carries four 11" 25 ton M.L.R guns, four 10" 18 ton M L R guns, six 4" 22 cwt. B.L.R., six quick firing thirteen machine 3 and 1 pounders and two launching torpedo carriages. Her speed is 14.50. She carries 650 tons of coal which is supposed to carry her 2630 knots at ten knots per hour. Her total cost was £474,933. She was recently fitted with new boilers.

Mails are arriving for H M S Champion. She is on her way up the coast and expected at Esquimalt shortly.

H M S. Hyacinth will proceed shortly to Honolulu.

**Don't the Rue Day too Late**

For the great boot and shoe sale at Russell, McDonald & Co.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

## THE COMMONS HARD AT WORK.

### Ex-Postmaster Wallace's Superannuation Comes in for Its Annual Criticism.

### Progress With the Estimates—The Militia Department—Tariff Reform Proposals.

From our own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—The rapidity with which the work of the session has been going on during the week just closed makes it almost certain that the meeting of Parliament will be short this year in comparison with the past few years. As already said, there is little or no legislation promised by the Government, and the estimates are well under way. On Tuesday we will have the budget, and in a very few days there will be the first batch of supplementary estimates. There are, of course, a number of important subjects to come up, which will necessarily provoke discussion, but it must be always understood that once the estimates are past, and the Government has got the supply bill the day of prorogation can be selected by the administration, or nearly so. There appears to be a tacit understanding on both sides that the business is to be put through as soon as possible. As already stated, the Premier is anxious to get into the Behring Sea arbitration, and on the ground that it would be disloyal to keep him here attending to the business of Parliament while this case is going on a good excuse will be furnished the House for hastening the closing day. It is also stated that owing to the Government members being done out of the additional indemnity they expected last year, there will be two sessions this year, so that they will be able to get an extra $1000 each. If this be so there will be a fall session of Parliament.

THE TARIFF.

Besides the discussion on the estimates there was a lively debate on free corn and free coal oil during the week. In both cases the movers to place these articles on the free list were Conservatives. Those who seconded the motions were also Conservatives. Straws show how the wind is blowing, and he who would deny in the face of such testimony that there is a strong movement in favor of tariff reform must needs be both blind and stupid. Mr. Pope, of Compton, a son of the late Hon. John Henry Pope, who was minister of railways in the Sir John Macdonald government, put the resolution in favor of free corn, and Mr. Cleveland, who also hails from the Eastern Townships of Quebec, seconded the resolution. A few years ago Mr. Pope spoke and voted against free corn. In fact every Conservative member of the House opposed a resolution to place corn on the free list. To-day Mr. Pope is the prime mover in this matter. It is not so much to the credit of Mr. Pope that he has taken this step as to that of his constituents, who compelled him to do so. Mr. Cleveland was also pledged to support free corn in addition to other tariff reforms. Against the coal oil robbery Mr. Cleveland was the first to move proposing that coal oil be made free, and Mr. Pope also seconded this resolution. These resolutions, too, have been put notwithstanding that Mr. Foster has asked the House to refrain from attacking the national policy peacemeal. No vote has been taken on them, the debate in each case being adjourned, the same as was done with the binder twine debate. It must, in connection with this matter, be remembered that these iniquitous parts of the national policy have, in addition to many others, been attacked time and again for years past, yet every Conservative member in the House supported them. That the Government will interfere with the National Policy to any extent no one believes, although it will have to make an appearance of doing so. However, a few days will tell what the programme will be.

ALLOWANCE TO MR. WALLACE, $240.

This is an item which is always criticized as it is reached in the estimates. Mr. McMullen, when it was reached this year, said: "This is an item which has been criticized every time it has been brought before the House. It is an iniquitous system, under which not only a superannuation allowance can be paid to a retired officer, but an extra grant annually made to him. If there was one iniquitous transaction worse than another in connection with the Superannuation Act, it was the removal of Mr. Wallace in order to make a place for Mr. Shakespeare as postmaster of Victoria. The salary of $2000 a year is given to Mr. Shakespeare, and about $1200 is paid to Mr. Wallace, and this additional sum of $240 in order to keep him quiet or satisfy him for being removed from his position. The system has undoubtedly been objectionable in many ways, but this particular feature of remunerating officers, not only by granting them the superannuation allowance to which they are entitled, but an additional allowance by adding years to their years of service, is a glaring abuse. No doubt Mr. Shakespeare is a very respectable man, and he was formerly a member of this House. I am casting no reflection on the appointment, but I am taking objection to the mode adopted to place him in the position of postmaster. I hope the bill about to be introduced by the Minister of Finance will remedy abuses of this kind. I observe, by returns submitted recently, that the system of adding years of service in cases of superannuation still prevails, and in two cases mentioned in the return presented the other day, ten years were added to the time of service. This clearly indicates a gross abuse of the system, and the case of Mr. Wallace is an instance where the Superannuation Act was abused in order to make a place for the gentleman who now fills the position of postmaster at Victoria."

It has been said that silence gives consent, and the British Columbia members must have agreed with Mr. McMullen, since they did not express themselves otherwise.

SOMETHING FOR THE MAINLAND.

It is so seldom that a voice from British Columbia is heard in the chamber that when a representative from that province speaks he should be reported in full. So far Mr. Corbould has been the only speaker. When the militia estimates were up on Friday he said:—"For the last two sessions I have been urging upon the Government the necessity of having a brigade of garrison artillery on the mainland of British Columbia. At present the only militia corps is the garrison artillery at New Westminster. Vancouver being the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway I think it is certainly advisable to have a corps of garrison artillery in that city. Last year I was told that as the then Minister of Militia and the general commanding had visited British Columbia, the Government would act upon the report which the general might make on that district. I would like to ask the Minister whether the amount of the present estimate includes any sum for the purpose of forming a new corps of artillery on the mainland of British Columbia?" Mr. Patterson replied that this matter was under the consideration of the Government.

MAJOR-GENERAL HERBERT'S SCHEME.

The report of Major-General Herbert on the demoralized condition of the militia force furnished an excellent weapon for attacking the department under the administration of Sir Adolphe Caron. One of those who led in the attack was Mr. Lister. He administered a terrible criticism to the late minister of war as he held up the Major-General's report and in thundering tones said: "There is your condemnation." Mr. Patterson has virtually admitted the demoralized state of the force, and has promised reforms and improvements. The scheme for the reorganization of the force the minister gave as follows:

Hon. Mr. Patterson—The fact that I incorporated in my departmental report the report of the Major-General, which I might have treated as a confidential report, is sufficient guarantee to this House and the country that I intend to act on the Major-General's advice. I have gone over with him a scheme for the reorganization of the headquarters staff and the district staff. I will now give the outlines of the Major-General's scheme, which I have adopted; though, at the same time, I may say that I have not yet obtained the consent of Council to the adoption of the scheme, as it will require a vote of money. For this reason, I had some hesitation in laying it before the committee, but, with the permission of the Prime Minister, I will go on and explain the scheme of the Major-General, which I have adopted on his recommendation as a military man.

Mr. Davies—Does the Council interfere with departmental management?

Mr. Patterson (Huron)—They interfere with money matters; they interfere with new appointments.

Mr. Daly—The hon. member for Prince Edward Island has never been in the Council.

Hon. Mr. Patterson—Up to the present, there have been five Deputy Adjutant-Generals, eight Brigade Majors and seven commandants of schools. I propose to have four Deputy Adjutant-Generals commanding schools of instruction, who will receive $1825 each, as salary. There will be six not commanding schools of instruction, who will receive $1700; there will be an Assistant Inspector of Artillery, commanding Military District No. 3 of Kingston; there will be an Assistant Inspector of Artillery, commanding the School of Artillery at Quebec. Two Brigade Majors will be retained, and two will be temporarily retained, one at Montreal and one in Prince Edward Island.

Mr. Davies—Temporarily retained?

Hon. Mr. Patterson—Well, nothing will be done without the knowledge of this House in that regard. He will be maintained during the present year, until the end of June, 1894. It is considered necessary that two of these officers should be retained. The Adjutant-General in Montreal does not speak both languages; a large proportion of the force there speak only the French language, and on that account I am retaining the Brigade Major at Montreal. Then, at headquarters, the only proposed change is the appointment of an Assistant Adjutant General at headquarters. That is considered desirable in the opinion of the Major-General, who thinks it would facilitate the more frequent and better inspection of the military schools throughout the country, and the various camps of instruction when they are formed for annual drill; also, the inspection of the military stores throughout the country, and other details of that nature.

Mr. Lister—You are dismissing how many officers altogether, and you are appointing how many?

Hon. Mr. Patterson—Dismissing six, and appointing one at headquarters.

Mr. Lister—Is that the whole scheme?

Hon. Mr. Patterson—Yes.

It may be said that all the militia estimates were passed except a small item for the cartridge factory at Quebec, which has been held over for some additional information. SLABTOWN.

### Anti-Parnellite Jordon Wins.

DUBLIN, Feb. 18.—Jeremiah Jordan, Anti-Parnellite candidate in South Meath, was elected yesterday by a vote of 2697 to 2638 for J. J. Dalton, Parnellite. Mr. Jordan takes the seat from which Mr. Patrick Fulham, Anti-Parnellite, was displaced by the judgment of court to the effect that Mr. Fulham owed his seat to clerical intimidation used in behalf of the Anti-Parnellites. The vote for Mr. Fulham in the general election was 2212 to 2129 for Dalton, Parnellite.

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Famous Cambridge sausages, Bologna sausages, pork pies, bacon, ham and poultry, at Whitelaw & Co's., 72 Fort street

Butcher knives at Fox's.

## CANADIAN NOTES.

### News by Mail and Wire from all Parts of the Dominion.

Thos. Kelly, a well-to-do farmer of Warwick township, dropped dead.

John Hefferman, one of the oldest residents of Dundas, died suddenly.

Provincial Treasurer Hall is taking action against L'Electeur for alleged libel.

The little child of Mrs. Coulter, of Chatham township, swallowed a screw and died in a few minutes.

William Oelschlager of Berlin, manager of the Economical fire insurance company, died recently, aged 69.

Mr. Dalton McCarthy has effected an alliance with the Patrons of Industry and will champion their cause in Parliament.

When W. D. Melville was about to take a flash light photograph of a Masonic gathering at Windsor, a cartridge exploded and destroyed his eyesight.

Madame Theo. Louis Cole is dead, near Montreal, at the age of 79. She leaves behind her 16 children, 115 grandchildren and 56 great grandchildren.

Robert Best, a patient at the Hamilton lunatic asylum, was drowned in a pond while working in the quarry near the asylum grounds. He came from Simcoe county.

At the close of the present session of the Quebec Legislature Lieut.-Governor and Madam Chapleau will leave for a tour through Europe, which will occupy several months.

It is said the Grand Trunk is negotiating for the purchase of the Drummond county railway on the south shore of the St. Lawrence from St. Hyacinthe to Nicolet.

The private banking house of James G. Shipley, doing business at Ailsa Craig under the name of Shipley & Co., has suspended payment. Liabilities are placed at between $40,000 and $60,000.

The Toronto city clerk states that he has received information that nearly 10,000 appeals will be made from the voters' list under the Manhood Franchise Act, all on account of omissions from the list.

Fitzpatrick lately introduced in the Quebec Legislature bills to reduce the legislative indemnity to $500, to reduce the number of ministers to five and to reduce the number of members in the House from 78 to 65.

A motion was made last week in Toronto to have the name of Sol. White, of Windsor, struck from the roll of Ontario barristers for failing to hand over a considerable sum due to a client. He was given till Saturday to do so.

Subscriptions for the Consumers' Cordage Company stock closed at Montreal on Thursday. Returns from all branches of the banks have not been received, but in Montreal alone the amount for subscriptions have been over subscribed.

Principal Smith, of the Toronto veterinary college, has received a portion of the lungs of a cow imported from Canada and slaughtered in England, that was supposed to have been afflicted with pneumonia. Analysis has shown the supposition to be entirely unfounded.

At the annual meeting of the Toronto Industrial Exhibition Association it was resolved to ask for the Dominion Government grant of $10,000, as it is intended to make the show of 1893 specially attractive in anticipation that many visitors to Chicago will also visit Toronto.

James Connell at Toronto asked for and obtained an injunction restraining McCarthy & Co. from paying over or dealing with moneys in their hands belonging to the firm of Conmee & McLennan until claims against that company are settled. The moneys in the hands of the solicitors were received in settlement of the suit of Conmee vs. C.P.R.

A new phase of the C.P.R. scheme in which Ottawa is interested, is said to be on the tapis. It is stated that as the lease which the C.P.R. holds from the Quebec government for the North Shore railway (between Ottawa and Montreal) expires next year, it is Mr. Van Horne's intention to abandon that branch and find another way to Montreal and the seaboard. This way will be by building the Vaudreuil railroad, which they recently purchased, from Point Fortune to Ottawa, junctioning with the Prescott and Ottawa road.

The general opinion among shippers and grain men in Toronto in regard to the new order-in-council regarding canal tolls is not altogether favorable. They say the worst feature of the order is its indefiniteness as to whether United States shippers sending grain through the Welland canal can store it in Ogdensburg elevators until they are prepared to send it further east. They claim that either it should be understood that grain transhipped at Ogdensburg should go through a continuous voyage or 10 cents per ton should be charged for allowing it to go through the St. Lawrence canals, just as local freight from Ontario ports to Montreal is charged 10 cents per ton.

### Minister Morton's Ideas.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Mr. J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, who has accepted the office of Secretary of Agriculture in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet, was at the Imperial Hotel to-day. He is a man of fine appearance and carries his points well. Mr. Morton said: "I am opposed to the Hatch anti-option bill. What the farmers of this country most need is protection from some of their alleged friends. I could not be called a Protectionist, but I should be heartily in favor of that kind of protection. The farmers need a change in some of their ideas, and they would be materially benefited by a certain kind of education. It is generally said and believed that the farmers are the instigators and supporters of the Hatch anti-option bill. In my opinion they should be its most rigorous opponents. The Produce Exchange and Boards of Trade which the bill is intended to destroy, are of the greatest advantage to the producers of grain. I am, and always have been, a hard money man," continued the next Secretary of Agriculture. "I was opposed to the unredeemable greenback issues and have been opposed to every measure tending to lower our currency from its solid and honest basis. I did endorse the section of the Chicago platform demanding the repeal of the 10 per cent. tax on state bank issues, without any idea, however, that such a repeal would give an opportunity for the establishment of state banks. I do not favor state banks, yet I do not consider that the Government ought to annihilate state banks for the benefit of national banks and it was on this principal that I endorsed the section of the Chicago platform favoring the removal of the 10 per cent tax.

### Gov. McKinley Ruined.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 18.—A sensation was caused in business, financial and manufacturing circles to-day by the failure of Robert L. Walker, a prominent banker and capitalist, who made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. The failure will be widespread in its effects, involving Governor McKinley, and the indications now are that every dollar of property owned by the Governor will be swept away. As near as can be estimated, the liabilities will reach $200,000. The failure was due to investments in properties and enterprises that had not been, as yet, productive. The Girard stove works, one enterprise in which Walker was a large stockholder, failed to-night. The liabilities are $30,000; assets unknown. From boyhood Governor McKinley and Walker have been the closest personal friends, and the Governor endorsed Walker's papers frequently. The exact amount of his loss is not known, but it is supposed to be large.

Governor McKinley left here this morning for Columbus. The Walker failure is growing as far as liabilities are concerned. It is known that the Governor is interested in at least $150,000 worth of notes given by Robert Walker. The Governor does not know how much the notes will aggregate nor which ones have been paid. The Governor is not worth more than $40,000 or $50,000, and the payment of these notes will leave him a financial wreck. Friends here, who are the richest men in the valley, have undertaken to raise the amount for which the Governor has obligated himself and loan it to him on his personal notes, thus giving him time to recover. The amount has been raised and is ready to be applied as soon as the liabilities are known definitely. The Gerard stove works, capitalized at $150,000, went into the hands of a receiver to-day. Walker was president of that company.

Do Not Miss

Reading this item. As Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public, and as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to reopen in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business, established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate. *

### A Liberal Victory.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The Liberals have gained a victory at Hexham, Northumberland, where Mr. McInnes, Liberal, was elected over Nathaniel George Clayton, Conservative. Mr. McInnes represented Hexham in the late Parliament. In the general election he was opposed by Mr. Clayton, who is the leader of the Conservative party in Northumberland. Clayton was elected by a vote of 4092 to 4010 for McInnes. A petition was lodged against Mr. Clayton, charging that corrupt practices had been used in his behalf. He was unseated and the Liberals have now regained the constituency.

*Joseph Ruby*

Son of Harry K. Ruby, of Columbia, Pa.,

**Suffered From Birth**

With a Severe Form of

**Scrofula Humor**

"Until my boy was six years of age he was from birth a **terrible sufferer** from scrofulous humor. Sores would appear on him and spread until as **Large as a Dollar** and then discharge, followed by others, so that the larger part of his body was **one mass of sores** all the time, especially severe on his legs and back of his ears and on his head. The humor had a very offensive odor, and caused

**Intense Itching**

We cannot tell how that poor boy suffered in all those years. Physicians did not effect a cure. At last I decided to give him Hood's Sarsaparilla, as my druggist recommended it. In about two weeks the Sarsaparilla began to have effect.." The sores commenced to heal up; the flesh began to look more natural and healthy. Then the scales came off and all over his body new and healthy flesh and skin formed. When he had taken two bottles he was entirely free from sores, having only the scars to show where they had been. These have all disappeared. We are unable to express our thanks for the good

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

has done our little boy." HARRY K. RUBY, Box 356, Columbia, Pennsylvania.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

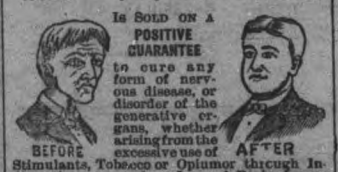
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of



BEFORE AFTER

Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address THE APHRO MEDICINE CO WESTERN BRANCH, Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all disease caused by Ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-ly

Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. june12 ly.

TRADE MARK BIG G CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only *non-poisonous* remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. *The Universal American Cure.* Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

We do not publish testimonials from parties in the Eastern States, but from well known, reliable local parties.

Read the following from people you know:

Rev. Robert K. Maitland, L.L.B., one of the leading clergymen of Vancouver says: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the magical efficacy of your Cubb's Cough Cure in the treatment of cold in the head, throat and chest, and the croup tendency in children. I have recommended it to others after using it myself, feeling free to say it is just the thing to have in the house for such emergencies. I hope it will have a large sale."

Capt. M. Manson, of Victoria, B.C., says: "I took a fearful cold after unusual exposure and found myself tightened up so much that I had great difficulty in even breathing. A torturing cough set in and I was miserable in the extreme. I took four regular doses of Cubb's Cough Cure and the result astonished me. In ONE NIGHT my cough was broken up and my system completely freed from all symptoms of cold. I heartily recommend it to everyone."

THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it.

Wholesale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B.C., or address THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH. DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING. A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, d-dmeod Agents for B. C.

HOTELS.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day. d&w JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue. oct23-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

No. 11 Rae Street.

Applications to be made at the Home or to MRS. D. W. HIGGINS, Cadboro Bay Road.

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO. MANUFACTURERS, TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

A FORTUNE

Inherited by few, is pure blood, free from hereditary taint. Catarrh, consumption, rheumatism, **Scrofula,** and many other maladies born in the blood, can be effectually eradicated only by the use of powerful alteratives. The standard specific for this purpose—the one best known and approved—is **Ayer's Sarsaparilla,** the compound, concentrated extract of Honduras sarsaparilla, and other powerful alteratives.

"I consider that I have been

SAVED

several hundred dollars' expense by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and would strongly urge all who are troubled with lameness or rheumatic pains to give it a trial. I am sure it will do them permanent good, as it has done me."—Mrs. Joseph Wood, West Plattsburgh, N.Y.

Dr. J. W. Shields, of Smithville, Tenn., says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and know of many wonderful cures effected by its use."

"For many years I was laid up with SCROFULA, no treatment being of any benefit. At length I was recommended to give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a trial. I did so, and

By Taking

about a dozen bottles, was restored to perfect health—weighing 230 pounds—and am now a believer in the merits of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—James Petsy, Mine Boss, Breckenridge Coal Co. (Limited), Victoria, Ky.

"My niece, Sarah A. Lozee, was for years afflicted with scrofulous humor in the blood. About 18 months ago she began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after taking three bottles was completely cured."—E. Caffall, P.M., Lozee, Utah.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stabbles

H. M. YATES, tf Secretary.

## AFFAIRS IN HAWAII.

### Queen Liliuokalani Does not Blame Americans for the Late Revolution.

### She is not a Fetish Worshipper—Bold Behavior of a British Subject.

HONOLULU, Feb. 18.—The deposed Queen still lives quietly at her residence here. She has steadfastly refused to receive any newspaper representatives or express any views upon the present situation. Yesterday she received the Associated Press representative and offered the following comment: "It is not the Americans who are making this trouble, but those who have received lands and sustenance from Hawaiians, who are Hawaiians partly themselves, but who are now hanging between heaven and hell, and if they obtained their deserts would be in the same condition that Beelzebub and his followers were."

Relative to the charge that she still believed in the practice of Kahuncism or fetish worship, she said: "Such a charge is a base reflection upon those who educated me in my youth and is also a reflection upon those who, like the Queen of England, received me as a guest, and whose houses of worship I have attended." She further declared that her attendance at the various churches in Honolulu had always been favorably commented upon, and her contributions had been given for the advance of the Christian religion.

During the period preceding the announcement of an American protectorate it is now known that the American naval commander, Capt. Wiltse, hesitated as to the extent of his authority in raising the American flag, and that Minister Stevens assumed full responsibility. The commander of the Boston therefore carried out all orders implicitly. In view of possible complications the Provisional Government has published the act of Feb. 3 for the establishment of the office of Vice-President with the usual powers, vesting in him all the powers of the President in the event of the death, resignation or disability of the latter. S. M. Damon was chosen Vice-President of the Provisional Government on February 7.

The provisional government has ordered out of print the royal coat of arms of Hawaii, which formerly preceded all "by authority" notices, and by this act has stricken Hawaii from the list of recognized nations in that degree, as the arms were national and not necessarily monarchical. This order has been regarded as a direct preparation for annexation. Immediately succeeding the raising of the United States flag the right of writ of habeas corpus was restored and martial law suspended. At the same time the volunteer troops were dismissed. This was at the suggestion of the American minister, and the friction which had resulted by reason of martial law disappeared. Apart from any discussion as to the policy of annexation, it is the prevailing sentiment that the action of the provisional government in asking for protection under the American flag prevented turmoil and bloodshed.

An international incident will follow the arrest of Mr. C. S. Kynnersly, of the Island of Hawaii, a British subject, which has been ordered by the provisional government. When notice of the formation of the provisional government had been forwarded to the village of Kohala, on that island, Kynnersly called a mass meeting, after which he visited the court house, tore down the proclamation of the provisional government, and defied a deputy sheriff to arrest him. On the matter being presented to the advisory council, orders were issued for his arrest on the charge of sedition, and a deputy marshal was sent to make the arrest. As Kynnersly is a prominent man and intimate friend of the British commissioner resident, it is expected that a clash may follow with his government.

Governor Cleghorn, brother-in-law of the Queen and father of Princess Kaiulani, had little to say regarding his relations with the Queen, but said he had been informed that a document had been drawn up in which Liliuokalani agreed, if failing in her efforts to induce the United States Government to restore her to power, to accept Princess Kaiulani as her successor. The Government, he said, had sufficient power to quell any revolution had it not been for the landing of troops from the United States ship Boston under instructions from United States Minister Stevens.

President Dole states that matters are progressing favorably with the new government, and that there had been no excitement or demonstration of any kind. According to his view, English business interests of the islands preferred that Kaiulani should rule, but they would not object to an American protectorate back of her. The American residents, of course, are for annexation, while the American flag is raised over the Government property.

The Provisional Government is still holding the reins of power, and has enacted some legislation in addition to the repealing of the obnoxious lottery bill. The advisory council of fifteen members is meeting frequently, but matters are generally held in abeyance until the commissioners at Washington City can be heard from.

The United States ship Mohican, with Rear Admiral Skerritt, commanding the Pacific squadron, on board, has arrived. The Japanese training ship Kongo is also in harbor. The American warship alliance is expected daily from Samoa, increasing the American squadron to three vessels.

## ROTTEN BRIDGES.

### A Hint to the Member for Comox—Appropriations Wasted—Snow Going.

UNION, Feb. 17.—Now that the House is in session it would be well to call the attention of the member for Comox to the fact that in Comox there are three bridges that are a danger to the traveling public. One over the head of Comox bay, nearly half a mile long, must have been built in the early sixties, for its timbers are so rotten that they are actually dropping to pieces. A new bridge is absolutely necessary here, as the present one will surely fall before long. Two bridges over the river at Courtenay are not much better. Your correspondent pointed out on former occasions the reckless way in which last year's appropriation was expended. No new roads were opened out for new settlers, bridges were not repaired, the road to Union, which is the market for the Comox farmer, was left in an almost impassable state; nothing was done to improve the road in Union, and settlers below Union wharf, who should have had a road years ago, were furnished with a very poor trail. It would be well for our member, when he secures a large appropriation this year, which we all hope he will, to see that it is judiciously spent.

The San Mateo is again at the Union wharf. She is loading coal for San Francisco.

The snow is gradually disappearing. There is every prospect of its going away for good this time.

The Comox Lyric Club gave a concert in the hall at Comox Monday evening. The programme was a good one.

Mrs. A. McKnight has returned from Nanaimo.

F. C. Davidge, of Victoria, is up here to look after the Japs.

Rev. P. McF. McLeod came up by the Joan on Wednesday. He has been sent by the Presbytery to inspect the mission field here.

## APPEAL TO IRISHMEN.

### A Circular Issued by the Leaders of the Irish Party Asking Aid.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The following address has been issued by Justin McCarthy, Timothy Healy, and other Irish Nationalist leaders:

*"To our kinsmen and to all friends of Ireland in the United States, Canada and Australia:*

"We have reached the most critical moment in the history of Ireland's long struggle for her rights. The Premier of England, the leader of the Government and of the party ruling the British Empire, has brought in a Home Rule bill, which forms as a whole a broad, solid and enduring plan of national self-government for Ireland. The bill offers to the Irish people a Parliament practically free to deal with all of Ireland's local affairs, and an executive government responsible to the Parliament, and in addition the Irish people have under the bill the right to share by delegation of 80 members in the Government of the Empire. In this, as in a great many other respects, the settlement of 1893 places Ireland on a higher national plane than that of 1886; it increases her place in the government of the world and offers more solid guarantees of the honorable fulfilment of the great contract between her and Great Britain. The representatives of Ireland have accepted without hesitation the constitution proposed in the bill, as a fitting consummation of the sacrifices and labors of the Irish race for so many centuries. They believe that they could regard the enactment of the measure as a final and triumphant close to a long, bloody and sorrowful struggle. The enemies of Ireland do not yet, however, acknowledge that the end is close, although they know the bill is certain to pass the House of Commons by a good majority, and that any measure which secures a majority in the popular chamber is always ultimately enacted in the law. They invoke the assistance of the House of Lords in postponing a settlement. We cannot, therefore, disregard the possibility of a long and desperate campaign to defeat Mr. Gladstone's noble efforts and to wreck the Irish cause.

Confronted by enemies, venomous and unscrupulous and with boundless wealth, it is impossible for us to carry on even the short remnant of the struggle without the assistance of the brethren and friends in all parts of the world. It is only from people of our blood, and from American and Australian sympathisers with our principles, that we have asked or accepted assistance. We make an appeal to the same tried friends, more confidently on the morrow of the day when by a vote unanimous and unchallenged, the House of Commons has stamped upon the foul and calumnious charge made by the paymasters of Piggott that the independent Irish Nationalists had consented to become mercenaries of a British administration. In the struggle of the last fourteen years almost the dominant factor next to the courage and tenacity of our people at home has been financial assistance from our kindred and friends beyond the seas. Our nation, reduced to poverty by long centuries of mismanagement before that assistance came to her aid, had not a voice but that of enemies in the House of Commons. The tenants were represented by evicting landlords, their aspirations for religious liberty were represented by inveterate bigots, and the never extinguished demand for national self government by either Tories or place-hunting Whigs. O'Connell's mighty movement for repeal broke down under the strain of his want of a proper Parliamentary representation of the demands of Ireland. For a quarter of a century after his death the constitutional movement slept the sleep of death, while Tories and Whigs in the House of Commons found no remedy for a single one of the evils of their country, and accepted the rewards of their perfidy and treason in well paid offices.

In 1880 America and Australia threw their gloves into the struggle. From that hour the Parliamentary party never really looked back. Aided by the generosity of our people and friends abroad, the cause at home found honest, faithful, courageous representatives, not one of whom during all the stress of thirteen years accepted pay or place from the British Government. These representatives fought and conquered coercion; they fought and conquered forgery; they broke successive hostile administrations, until at last they find themselves the friends and allies of the greatest of British statesmen and the strongest of British parties. They ask now that they may be enabled from the same powerful and generous people to bring to a consummation their labors and their principles. Borne by the generosity of their race through the long night, they ask now for the aid required for the brief interval that still stands between Ireland and her working day. (Signed.) Justin McCarthy, Edward Blake, Thomas Sexton, Michael Davitt, John Dillon, Thomas M. Healy, William O'Brien, Arthur O'Connor, Thomas Power O'Connor.

Catarrh in the head is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hoods' Sarsaparilla, to effect a cure.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

## HOBBYISTS RUN WILD.

### Strange Ways of Spending Money and Time.

"London Answers has been collecting "hobby stories." Here are a few of the best of them:—

A. L. C. Marks, of Manchester, writes:—

Having from youth up taken great interest in all that appertains to constabulary work, I, a few years ago, made a collection of police truncheons, and through the influence of some of the principal chief constables of the kingdom have now nearly 200, no two of which are alike. Some are most elaborate in their ornamentation (painted and gilded), others quite plain. Some weighed as little as eight ounces, others as much as four pounds. Some used in olden times are about 24 inches long, others are as short as 10½ inches. One peculiar one is made of gutta-percha, another of India rubber rolled tightly round and round. One is an awful weapon loaded with lead. Besides the truncheons I have also a collection of handcuffs, snaps, police rattles, etc. The collection has proved a source of interest to many, and I have been offered a large sum for it, but nothing would induce me to part with it.

The funniest hobby I ever knew of, writes another correspondent, was ridden very hard by an elderly clergyman and his two spinster daughters, who lived together in a rambling old place that did for a vicarage. Their fancy consisted in believing that pills made of spiders' webs rolled up formed a panacea for nearly all human ailments, and, being very benevolent, they spent most of their spare time in hunting for any luckless arachnid that had been so rash as to set up in trade about their premises. The result was that, though other affairs were managed in the most off-hand way, in the matter of spiders' webs the place was faultless. The parishioners, when ill, knew quite well that the inevitable globule would be forthcoming, and sometimes the well-meaning divine insisted on staying to see it swallowed.

A man in Liverpool made a collection of ninepins. This was at the time skittle-alleys and American bowls were so fashionable. He had hundreds and hundreds of ninepins stored up in two large rooms at the top of his house. He used to boast that he had one from every bowling alley in England. Certainly he had a prodigious quantity. When he died the pins were sold and must have brought a lot of money even if they were sold for firewood.

A gentleman I knew at Bristol, says a fourth correspondent, had a fancy for collecting hats. He would go around to every vessel that came to Bristol and get hats and caps from every part of the world—great big ones, high ones, flat ones, and little tiny ones.

He kept them on pegs in a locked room. He always dusted them himself, and when his son once took some friends into the room he nearly had a fit, so afraid was he that the hats would be injured.

Perhaps one of the most peculiar hobbies that have ever been taken up, adds Answers, is that of a certain nobleman. He occupies all of his leisure time in attending the stables of racecourse favorites and obtains from the trainers a small tuft of the horse's hair. These he gums in an album, pasting in next to them a list of the various races in which each particular horse was victorious.

### Sahara the Vast and Sterile.

The Sahara begins on the shores of the Atlantic Ocean, between the Canaries and Cape Verd, and traverses the whole of north Africa, Arabia and Persia, as far as Central Asia. The Mediterranean portion of it may be said roughly to extend between the 15th and 30th degrees of north latitude. This was popularly supposed to have been a vast inland sea, but the New York Ledger says this theory was supported by geographical facts wrongly interpreted. It has been abundantly proved by the researches of travellers and geologists that such a sea was neither the cause nor the origin of the Libyan desert. Rainless and sterile regions of this nature are not peculiar to north Africa, but occur in two belts which go round the world in either hemisphere, at about similar distances north and south of the equator. These correspond in locality to the great inland drainage areas from which no water can be discharged into the ocean and which occupy about one-fifth of the total land surface of the globe. The African Sahara is by no means a uniform plain, but forms several distinct basins containing a considerable extent of what may almost be called mountain land. The Hoggar mountains, in the centre of the Sahara, are 7,000 feet high, and are covered during three months with snow. The physical character of the region is very varied. In some places, such as Tiout and other oases in or bordering on Morocco, there are well-watered valleys, with fine scenery and almost European vegetation, where the fruits of the north flourish side by side with the palm-tree. In others, there are rivers like the Ued Guir, an affluent of the Niger, which the French soldiers, who who saw it in 1870, compared to the Loire. Again, as in the bed of the Ured Rir, there is a subterranean river which gives a sufficient supply of water to make a chain of rich and well-peopled oases equal in fertility to some of the finest portions of Algeria. The The greater part of Sahara, however, is hard and undulating, cut up by dry water-courses and almost entirely without animal or vegetable life.

### Taking a Photograph of Lightning.

Cowper Ranyard has obtained from Mr. Dunn, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, what seems to be a photograph of "ball lightning"—the first ever taken. The luminous blotch on the plate has a striking resemblance to the disc of a marigold or sunflower. It is, in fact, a plain circle of light with a border of rays like small flames. The plate is further speckled and streaked with smaller luminosities. It was obtained just before the fireball vanished, and judging from its likeness to some figures of electrical discharges we should say it really is a picture of the ball.—London Globe.

### Sheltered Innocents.

Tostig—The young have much to be thankful for.

Bertram—Yes, and chiefly because their parents think there never were children like them.

Cavin Bros., 94 Douglas street, are selling boots and shoes at cost for CASH for 30 days.

Large line of lace curtins in white and ecru just received by Weller Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

SWEEP THEM AWAY!

THE TRUE COURSE FOR OUR PEOPLE TO PURSUE!

NO TIME SHOULD BE LOST!

The Work Demands Attention!

When our rulers and public men become reckless, extravagant and recreant, we naturally become solicitous for the safety of our country and people, and we sweep them out of office and power.

Our people are now burdened with a load of vile remedies and nostrums, all of them tending to aggravate suffering and disease. Our true course, if we value life, is to sweep them off with a mighty hand. No time should be lost in accomplishing this work, as these canker-worms are fast destroying life.

Fortunately for our Canadian people, they have had an agent working amongst them for good. This life-giving power, Paine's Celery Compound, owing to its mighty and grand curative powers, is fast sweeping from our midst all false and sham cures. Paine's Celery Compound is a leaven in every community for good; its works, effects and wonderful cures have caused tens of thousands to discard forever the useless and crude remedies that have so long pestered our people.

Paine's Celery Compound saves and cures when all other means fail. It promises new life, and never fails to give it. What say you, reader? Are you willing to trust its powers? Oh! do not delay another moment; your case is critical and serious, and demands immediate attention. One bottle will convince you that you have a hand laid on a grand power that can pull you from a path that leads to the dark tomb.

### WAKEMAN CORRECTED.

TO THE EDITOR:—In perusing your "Wandering correspondent's" letter this week I was much surprised at the inaccuracy of his remarks relative of one of Scotland's minor poets, namely, "Surfaceman," and I think it is due to Scotchmen that a correction should be given. Indeed, your correspondent must have got seriously mixed in his mind between the identity of James Ballantine, the author of "Castles in the Air," and that of A. Anderson. So far as I know Surfaceman is still connected with the line and he never electrified Scotland yet with his song, although he may rank with the minor poets. His poetry is neither rough nor rugged, but simple and touching, and generally characteristic of his calling. Indeed, he published not so long ago his collected poems, entitled "Songs of the Line." It must be over 20 years since he first contributed to the "Friend," and another anachronism comes in here. Mr. Wakeman states that George Gilfillan "hunted up the unknown genius," whereas it is rather more than 14 years since that eminent divine went to his rest. I have not heart to impose on your space all the points which are at variance with history, but if your correspondent had asked of Mr. Stewart of the "Friend" for a stimulus to his memory, instead of trusting to it implicitly, he would have helped his reputation for accuracy a good deal. Lastly, I rather think, though not positive, that "Castles i' the Air" must have electrified the canny Scot half a century ago instead of "12 years." With apologies for criticizing so esteemed a contributor as Wakeman, I remain WILLIAM HERD.

Somenos, Feb. 14.

### McKee Rankin's Great Fortune.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 20.—McKee Rankin, the actor, is once more in possession of a fortune which is estimated at over a quarter of a million. His father, Col. Arthur Rankin, who is past 80 years of age, is being treated at the Hotel Dieu Hospital at Windsor, Ont., and is not expected to live many more weeks. Yesterday he transferred for the consideration of one dollar all his right, title and interest in his property to his son McKee, except an income he is now receiving of $100 a month from some property in Algoma, which he reserves to himself for the remainder of his lifetime. This is Rankin township, which contains 3000 acres and is situated near the Sault Ste. Marie international bridge in Ontario. The estate includes 100,000 acres in the vicinity of Manitou Island.

To-Day

Hood's Sarsaparilla stands at the head in the medicine world, admired in prosperity and envied in merit by thousands of would-be competitors. It has a larger sale than any other medicine. Such success could not be won without positive merit.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Y C L, W C, H W H, T S, T C, T F, S W C, Thompson & King, E B Marvin, Cascade Packing Co, J Piercy, Turner Beeton & Co, B C Cattle Co, Ramsay Bros, Victoria Lumber & M Co, Dominion Express Co.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Allice & Ault, Albion Iron Works Co, B Gordon, B Beloni, Bartolinio Lora, Brackman & Ker M Co, Bouness & Creden B & C, Boucherat & Co, C Anderson, C S Philp, Chas Leber, C W Rogers, Carne & Munsie, C K King, Can Pac Navig Co, Colonist Printing & Pub Co, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, Ellis & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Fell & Co, Gin Fook Yuen & Co, G A McCullock, G W Henry, H A Lilley, Hudson Bay Co, H Saunders, J H Todd & Son, J & A Clearihue, Johns Bros, J C, R Jamieson & Co, J G, Kurtz & Co, Langley & Co, McLennan & McFeeley, Nicholles & Renouf, Order, P T Johnson & Co, Peter McQuade & Son, R P Rithet & Co, Order, Rev Wm L Weymen, R Baker & Son, R H Jamieson, Scratt & Gray, Samuel Jeacure, S Leiser, Thos W Fletcher, T Earle, W G Cameron, W & J Wilson, Watson & Hall, W A Miller, Winch & Bower, Wilson Bros, Yuen Chong, Yee Yuen, Yuen Long, Wells Fargo & Co.

### PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—H Browning, Mrs Hall and children, Joe Harris, W H Kerr, Jas Molinari, and wife, Chas Leber, Wm McCullock, Mrs Miller, Miss M E Beveridge, R Hofton, and five steerage.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Capt Rogers, D J Munn, J Crean, W R Gilley, G L Courtney, W F Anderson, F Kellier, J Wulffsohn, Jno Hendry, Mrs Towsley, S A Jackson, S Roberts, H Abbott, F C Cotton, Mrs J Thain, W Sutherland, G Parker and wife, A Shields, G Varrellman, C D Rand, D Oppenheimer, J P Geddes, A T Higginson, W H Mawdsley, H H Johnston, D McPhadden, A J McColl, D J McLaren, T McQueeney and wife, A J Innes, M Steves, C R King, T O Townley, W A Robbins, J H Smith, John Hurley.

3 PRACTICAL POINTS

One of the most successful German physicians gave as the secret of his wonderful success these three important points:—

1. Keep the Head Cool.
2. Keep the Bowels Open.
3. Keep the Feet Warm.

These conditions are not so easily obtained as one would think. Why? Because without pure and healthy blood a vigorous circulation cannot be kept up, and because the food and occupation of most people tends to clog up the bowels and produce constipation. The success of B. B. B., like that of the German physician, lies in so purifying the blood and regulating the bowels, liver and stomach, that these three conditions are fulfilled easily, and disease can find no lodgment in the body.

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE.

B B B

This medicine does purify the blood and cure all diseases arising from impure or unhealthy blood. It does regulate the entire system and cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, scrofula, skin diseases, rheumatism, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. During the past ten years over one million bottles have been sold in Canada, and, although we guarantee every bottle to do all we claim, we have not received a single complaint.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

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THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,
(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts,
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Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

LYON & HEALY,
154 to 166 State St., Chicago.
Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Bands or Drum Corps. Contains Instructions for amateur Bands. Overtures and Drum Major's Badges. Lowest and Selected List for 1 Month.

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
'93. 1w

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

*Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.*

WANTED—A girl to assist in general housework. Apply 337 Johnson st. fe16-4t

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. m4s&w-4w

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By young man, office work. Evenings only. R., this office. fe8tf

## MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

*Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.*

WANTED—By a lady, a small room in private family with use of cooking stove. Address immediately, M., TIMES Office. fi8-5t

## LOST OR FOUND.

*Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.*

LOST—A pocketbook containing papers and license, of no value excepting to owner. Finder will leave at this office and receive suitable reward. fi8-3t

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder will oblige by leaving them at TIMES Office. fe17-1t

LOST—Between Blanchard and Quadra Sts., on Fort St., a black morocco purse containing money and coins. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at TIMES Office.

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

## TO LET.

*Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.*

FIRST-CLASS APPARTMENTS, with use of sitting room and fire, for two or three gentlemen. Address P.O. Box 595. fe17-1f

FURNISHED HOUSE TO-LET, first-class in every particular. Apply 63 Superior St. feb 14-tf

$10 A MONTH—Nice detatched cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. se20tf

## FOR SALE.

*Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.*

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distrde n11-tf-d-w

## INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $300,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

## PHYSICIANS.

H. D. LEITCH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 420. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 181. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DR. JOHN HALL,
Homœpathist,
Has removed his office to the Five Sisters Block, 3rd floor, No. 51 and 53. Attendance from 2 till 5. fe10-1m

## REMOVAL.

DR. METHERELL,
Has removed from Victoria West and Government Street to 106 Yates Street. Telephone No. 80.

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin. Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 129 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., Edinb rgh,
Physician, Surgeon, etc. Specialty:—Eye Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets.
Residence, corner Cadbore Bay road and Fernwood. au4

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist, (Late of the Dominion Hotel) will in future receive patients at the residence of Mr. Hillyer, 56 Pandora Street. fe2-eodtf

## SOCIETIES.

**B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.**
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

**SONS OF ERIN**
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

**SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y**
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au8yr Secretary.

**B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.**
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

**ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS**
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

**VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,**
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

**VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE**
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. 1y6 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

**COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH**
Chapter, No. 127, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, 2(1)1e E.

**FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.**
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PERRONET, C. C. K. of R. & S.

**ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN**
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

## ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

## VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

## PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
MR. W. C. WINDEBANK, Vocal Humorist, Teacher of Vocal Music. Voices trained and improved for public singing. Terms moderate. 85 Fort St. A few more members wanted to complete singing class. Satisfaction guaranteed no1-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jameson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 186

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.C. Box 80.

## SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter s, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 121, ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale g23-1y

## TENDERS WANTED.

# PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water, for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wasting water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

E. A. WILMOT,
Water Commissioner.
January 27, 1893. ja28-tf

## MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

## Creditors' Meeting.

A meeting of the Creditors of Messrs. Carmichael & Patterson will be held at the office of the undersigned on Thursday, the 23rd day of February, 1893, at 3 p.m.

YATES, JAY & RUSSELL,
Solicitors for the Assignee,
28 Bastion St., Victoria.
fe17-5t

# Bursted Waterpipes
Repaired by
# CLARKE & PEARSON
19 Yates Street.

Telephone Call 213. P. O. Box 330.
feb18-2w

# REMOVAL.

The Chicago Candy Factory has removed to No. 30 Government Street, three doors below C. E. Jones' Drug Store.

G. A. McCULLOCH.
fe13-2w

# SNOWFLAKE
## FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block
ap25


# THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government
Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths, free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, Ld.
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance


# The Daily Times.

## MR. GORDON'S DEATH.

The announcement of the death of D. W. Gordon, M.P., at Nanaimo, will be received with general regret. Mr. Gordon has been for a good many years prominently before the British Columbia people, and it is well within the mark to say that no man in public life stood higher in their respect. However widely men might differ with him on political questions, they were ready at all times to pay tribute to his sincerity, integrity and ability. There are only too few men of Mr. Gordon's stamp in Canadian public life. He was a man of the people, and it was his delight to serve the people with all his powers. Those whom he represented in Parliament will deeply regret his death, and they will in all probability find it difficult to fitly replace him.

## THE SCHOOL LAW.

It seems that the Minister of Education intends to amend his school bill in some important particulars. Some of the proposed amendments are in the right direction. Three minor changes may be passed over with brief notice. One of these will give city trustee boards the power to appoint, fix the salaries of, dismiss, etc., all officers or employees. Another amendment will give the school trustee franchise to all persons who have paid the provincial revenue tax. A third will require boards of trustees to publish statements of accounts in the same way as the councils now do. To come to the more important amendments, the following is to be added to section 8:—

And the said section is hereby further amended by striking out the remainder thereof after the word "for," in the third line, and by substituting the words, "for the current year's ordinary expenses of maintaining the schools as they exist at the time of the making of such estimate, which sums shall be paid over on demand to the Secretary of the Board by the City Treasurer; and the Board shall further prepare the like detailed estimate of the sums required to meet any special or extraordinary expenses legally incurrable by the Board, which last-mentioned estimate shall be subject to consideration, alteration and final approval by the Council; and if the Council shall finally reject or disapprove of any such last-mentioned sum or sums, it shall be the duty of the Council, not less than thirty days after the receipt by the Mayor of the written request of the Secretary of the Board in that behalf, to submit for the assent of the electors, in the manner prescribed by section 126 of the 'Municipal Act, 1892,' a by-law authorizing the proposed expenditure, and, if necessary, the raising of the moneys required to defray the same upon the credit of the municipality; and in the event of such by-law receiving the assent of the electors in the manner set fourth in section 119 of the 'Municipal Act, 1892,' any sums authorized thereby shall be paid over, on demand, to the Secretary of the Board by the City Treasurer."

This is in the line of amendment suggested by the TIMES, and will, if adopted, place the boards on a more independent footing. There is no good reason to advance against the proposal to make the boards as responsible and give them the same degree of control over their expenditures as the councils themselves. But with the other proposed amendment the TIMES cannot agree. It is proposed to repeal sec. 38 of the School Act of 1891 and substitute the following:—

The Board of Trustees of any of the city school districts may, by resolution, declare that it is desirable that tuition fees should be paid in respect of pupils attending at any High School situate within its limits, so as to make such High School more or less self-sustaining, whereupon it shall be the duty of such Board to settle the amount to be paid by parents and guardians for each pupil attending the High School, and to fix the time of payment, and, when necessary, to sue for and recover such amounts, and to receive and apply the same to the purposes specified in Sec. 38 of this act; but in settling such amount the Board shall make provision by which pupils whose parents or guardians find it beyond their means to pay the tuition fees imposed by the Board may have the advantages of the High School, either altogether without fees, or at some smaller fee within the means of the parent or guardian.

The high schools in this province are part and parcel of the public school system, being nothing more or less, in fact, than the highest grade. Therefore they should be treated in the same manner as the lower grades. If the amendment were adopted the boards would find it impossible to make the distinction between rich and poor for which it is proposed to provide. Such a thing is never thought of in connection with the high schools of Ontario, and we should be very sorry to see the idea adopted here. It is quite right to charge fees for non-resident pupils, whose parents cannot be taxed for the support of the high schools, but the plan proposed by the Minister of Education, apparently at the instance of some of the school boards, is not to be commended.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

A Kingston dispatch reads as follows: "A meeting of the executive committee of the Kingston Conservative Association says that if the United States Government does not abolish the McKinley bill this year, the Canadian farming community will demand annexation next year." There must surely be some mistake about this; Conservatives never talk "annexation."

"The tariff must change or I will," says a Winnipeg Free Press correspondent, who has always been a National Policy voter. And the Free Press adds: "We are afraid the reduction of 12½ per cent. on binder twine will not satisfy the tariff reformers that a change has been inaugurated, and there is every danger that there will be many more like him in the resolve he has made."

Says a Montreal dispatch:—"The cotton company to-day decided to increase its capital from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000. The company has purchased the machinery and good will of the Colored Cotton company and has now the monopoly of the manufacture of colored cottons in Canada." The great N.P. fosters combines more effectively than infant industries. This cotton company secured control of all the white cotton mills some few years ago; it therefore has now a complete monopoly of the cotton manufacturing business in Canada, and can exact tribute from the people just about as it chooses.

The Colonist tries to make it appear that Premier Davie has not been "boomed" in its columns as the instrument whereby the quarantine station improvements were secured. It also presumes to cast doubt on the dispatch from our Ottawa correspondent on Saturday, which quoted Col. Prior as objecting to Premier Davie being given so much credit. Our neighbor might as well save itself the trouble. Its own readers know very well that more than once the Premier's visit to Ottawa was said in its columns to be chiefly instrumental in bringing about the improvement. On the other hand, there is no reason to doubt the *bona fides* or the correctness of our Ottawa dispatch. It will be accepted as correct, at all events, until there is something stronger than the Colonist's mere assumptions to set against it. The only question that is to be settled is whether Col. Prior's version or Premier Davie's is the correct one.

It appears that Mr. Clarke Wallace, Controller of Customs, has been blackballed by that fearfully and wonderfully exclusive institution known as the Rideau Club, Ottawa. It has long been known that the civil service "judes" who supply most of the Rideau's membership strongly object to the admission of any man who is known to be "in trade," as such an individual would be offensive to their very delicate senses; but it could hardly have been expected that the interdict would extend to a quasi member of the Government. Possibly the civil service gentlemen object to meeting in a social way any but ministers of full Cabinet rank. At all events, by their rejection of Mr. Wallace they have given that gentleman his first claim to the good opinion of the country at large. The man who is blackballed by the Rideau Club cannot be wholly destitute of admirable qualities. It is said, though, that the Conservative members of the club are furious, and that the affair may lead to disruption. We trust not. It would be a pity if so unique and artistic an embodiment of snobbery were to be summarily extinguished.

The Hawaiian Islands, which the United States are about to annex, are twelve in number, with an area of 6400 square miles. The rock formation is volcanic, and there two active volcanoes—Kilanea and Mauna Loa. One mountain on Hawaii Island rises to an elevation of 13,805 feet and with such a range of altitudes a great variety of climate can be secured. It varies from cool, frosty weather to very warm weather throughout the year. Sea breezes and northeast trade winds do much to temper excessive heat. In the winter heavy rain storms occur, lasting sometimes for weeks. The natives are supposed to be of the Malay race. At the time of Captain Cook it is thought that the population was about 300,000. War and disease, the concomitants of civilization, have reduced the population, until the census of 1890 showed a total of 89,990, of which but 34,436 were of the aboriginal race. It is believed that they were originally cannibals. Except for this feature, they seem to have had many excellent qualities. On April 4, 1820, seven American missionaries reached the island. Shortly before this time the natives had destroyed all their idols, and the missionaries found a nation without any religion. In 1825 the ten commandments were adopted as law by the government. The first missionaries reduced the language to a written form, with an alphabet of twelve letters, a, e, i, o, u, h, k, l, m, n, p, w. Whether the limited alphabet has anything to do with it may be a matter of surmise, but the population is said to be on the average less illiterate than that of New York City or Pennsylvania. The islands have a debt of $3,000,000.

## SHORT LOCALS.

**Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.**

David Selim benefit on Tuesday the 28th inst.

Annual general meeting of the Victoria Tennis Club on Friday afternoon.

Concert and tableaux in aid of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church this evening.

The funeral of Mrs. Scott's child took place this afternoon, Rev. Mr. Watson officiating.

The Victoria Chess Club have amended their name so as to include whist in the rules.

Bishop & Sherbourne have been awarded the contract for the new residence of Dr. A. C. West.

Mr. Chas. Williams, the contractor for repairs to James Bay bridge, commenced work this morning.

The park and beach had more visitors yesterday than any day this year. It was quite pleasant out there.

In the police court this morning the case against D. McPhadden of the British Columbia Cattle Company was dismissed. No appearance of prosecution.

Work was resumed on the Adelphi building this morning when a force of bricklayers began upon the new retaining wall, which has already begun to show cracks.

The council of the Board of Trade will meet for the first time in the new building at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. A large attendance is expected as it marks a new era.

The body of E. Williams, who died at St. Joseph's hospital has been embalmed and will be shipped to Cardiff, Wales, for interment. The brother of deceased, who lives at Whidby Island, Wash, took away the remains yesterday.

Dr. A. E. Verrinder is authority for the statement notwithstanding all reports to the contrary, that his brother, R. F. Verrinder, will return to Victoria just as soon as he has administered the estate of a deceased brother in San Francisco.

The new temporary school building at the Central school was occupied this morning. There are four rooms in it, which comfortably seat 40 pupils each, making 160 in all. The four teachers in charge are: Mr. Schuyler, Miss Lawson, Mr. Hawkey and Miss Lorimer.

At the St. Barnabas church organ recital next Thursday evening H. P. Johnson will give two voluntaries and J. E. Bridgman three organ solos. Mrs. Shearwood, Mrs. Janion, E. White, Aloys Werner and Geo. Jay are down for solos, and R. Nash for a violin obligato.

News from Portland brings the sad intelligence that the furniture in the private office of Mr. Marmaduke Wood, in the general office of Bourchier, Richardson & Wood, in that city, has been seized by an angry creditor. Americans are not disposed to be lenient with men of the Wood stripe.

**Take the Cars to the Iron Church**

Or let them take you, for Russell, McDonald & Co.'s boot and shoe sale, 134 Douglas street.

## WHARF AND WAVE.

**Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled**

Steamer Islander left for New Westminster last night. The river is now open.

The schooner Walter L. Rich will be launched from Turpel's ways to-morrow.

Steamer Umatilla arrived from San Francisco last evening with 150 tons of freight for Victoria.

The tug Vancouver was launched from Turpel's ways to-day. She has been undergoing repairs.

The sealing schooner Borealis got away this morning. The Venture and Labrador have already gone.

The bell buoy at the Sandheads marking the entrance of the Fraser river, and which was reported last week as being turned over, has resumed its proper upright position.

**The Poor are Thankful**

And the rich are glad to avail themselves of the low prices prevailing at the boot and shoe sale of Russell, McDonald & Co.

**Glasgow beef hams and finnan haddie by express at Jameson's, 33 Fort St.**

**Died in This City.**

Wm. Smith, of Comox, died here this morning at the residence, 164 Pandora avenue. The deceased had been ill for some time past. He was 60 years of age and was very well known. He formerly lived at Minto, Ontario. The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, at 1:30, from the residence, and at 2 from St. Barnabas church.

## THE GREAT INTERIOR.

**Seasonable Extracts From the Columns of the Upper Country Newspapers.**

**Great Loss to Cattlemen—Mining, Agricultural and General Notes.**

From the Vernon News.]

Enderby can boast of a new industry in the form of a book agent.

The new post office is at last opened at Kelowna, for which the proper address should read Kelowna via Vernon.

The Columbia Flour Mill at Enderby is shut down at present. Quite a number of changes and some additions are to be made before it starts again.

The Hudson Bay Co. are going to build a new store in Vernon, to be placed to the west of the present building and extend through from Coldstream street to Barnard avenue.

The Okanagan Telephone Co. have been incorporated, and held their first meeting for business and the election of officers on Wednesday last, Mr. B. Lequime being elected president and Mr. T. Spence secretary.

Miss Carmichael, who has taught in the second department of the Vernon public school since last summer, received notice from Victoria that her friends had secured for her a good situation in the schools of that city. The trustees in Vernon were anxious to retain her, but they did not wish to spoil her chances for securing a good situation and accordingly granted her a release.

From the Kootenay Star.]

Ice-cutting is about over, and a very large quantity has been stored.

The heavy snowfall this winter will probably mean an unprecedentedly high river when old Sol gets in his work. This in turn will mean the further erosion of the river bank.

The mails have been very irregular during the week, more especially those from the west. The trouble has been caused by immense snowtlides at Clanwilliam, and a strong force of C.P.R. men have been kept busy there ever since Tuesday.

The great drawback to Big Bend as a field for mining operations is the difficulty of transport. The trail is in bad condition for the first 30 miles, but from Death Rapids to French Creek it is in an excellent state of preservation, being the road constructed by the old-timers in 1855, when there were two or three thousand placer miners operating there.

Cruelty to cattle has been very prevalent this winter. Ranchers have left the poor animals out in the open without food or shelter, with three or four feet of snow on the ground and the thermometer showing many degrees of cold below zero. Along the line of the C.P.R., between Ducks and Kamloops, heaps of cattle (dying and dead) are to be seen in the open fields, and not a wisp of straw or food of any description in sight. As for shelter, the ordinary rancher would laugh at the idea of putting up shelter for cattle. The word humane is not in their vocabulary. At Ashcroft, Kamloops and many other inland grazing districts numerous losses from the same cause are reported. At Grand Prairie, where the weather has been warmer, cattle are doing well. In Revelstoke district no losses are reported.

From the Kamloops Sentinel.

D. Ercole, of Canoe Creek, manager of the British Columbia Cattle Company, is suffering from an attack of paralysis.

The Rev. Mr. Michener, who has been stationed at Chilliwack for the past two years, having had two severe attacks of malarial fever, is at present in Kamloops for the benefit of his health.

Reports from Lac la Hache valley state that the weather there during the past two weeks was most severe, still stock suffered but little. Ranchers have an ample supply of fodder on hand, but they were anxious for a thaw.

Work on the Coal Hill mine, which was discontinued during cold weather, is being pushed again actively. The incline is now down 200 feet, and a contract has been let to drive it 100 feet further. A force of eight men was set to work on Friday morning.

The annual general meeting of the Royal Inland Hospital was held at the Court house, Kamloops, on Wednesday last, G. C. Tunstall, chairman. The four retiring directors, Messrs. J. McIntosh, R. E. Smith, R. H. Lee and James Vair, were, on motion of Mr. Mackay, seconded by Mr. Slater, declared re-elected, there being no other nominations.

At Bridge Creek from Jan. 24th to Feb. 9th the thermometer ranged from five degrees below zero to 44 below on Feb. 2nd. Several farmers will lose heavily on their herds. In the Bonaparte valley, McConnell Bros. have lost 40 head; W. Cargill, of Hat Creek, a number of steers, with others dying every day; P. Parks is bringing in hay from the coast, yet notwithstanding this he will lose heavily; T. Morgan is in a similar predicament, while John Wilson (the cattle king) is importing large quantities of feed stuff for his numerous herds. In Chilcoten very little loss has been experienced, as nearly all the farmers were well supplied with provender. Apart from the loss sustained by the Canadian Western Ranching Co., which had thirty calves frozen stiff in the sheds, nothing serious has been reported.

**All Records Smashed**

For big boot and shoe sales by Russell, McDonald & Co.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Snow! Slush! Cough! LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed! Cured!

## THE STORMY WEST COAST.

### The Sealing Schooner Pathfinder Loses a Man and her Anchor and Chain.

### All Doubts as to the Maggie Mac Set at Rest---Her Wreck Lies Near Cape Scott.

The sealing schooner Pathfinder, or Pioneer, Capt. McLeod, came in, in distress, this morning with her anchor and chain gone and the body of Ned Carhill, one of her boatmen, who was drowned off the cape on Saturday, aboard. She also brings news which will set at rest all doubts as to the Maggie Mac. The latter's wreck lies in one of the bays south of Cape Scott, where it has been for nearly a year past.

The Pathfinder has been out of port for over a month, yet she did not find a single day on which she could lower a boat. A high wind has prevailed constantly, the sea has been rough and the weather generally very dirty. Thirty days ago while laying in St. George's Bay, her anchor chain snapped and she had to put to sea. It was decided by Captain McLeod to return to Victoria. Head winds kept him back and he made very little progress. On Saturday morning when 20 mile off Cape Flattery, while Ned Cahrill was out on the jibboom making the jib fast, a tremendous sea washed him overboard. The schooner hove to, and a boat was lowered in spite of the gale and heavy sea. The poor fellow was dead when they reached him, but his body floated, buoyed up by the wind blowing under his oil coat. It was with great difficulty that the schooner was reached and a landing effected. A fair wind was caught in the straits and a good run was made home to Victoria.

The information about the Maggie Mac was obtained at the store just north of Quatsino Sound. The captain cannot recall the storekeeper's name, but says he is a French Canadian and formerly kept a toy store on Johnson street. He has an Englishman working with him and the two frequently go across to Fort Rupert to get stores. The wreck was reported to them and they looked into the matter and found it to be true. The wreckage lies on the beach in one of the bays south of Cape Scott. One of the schooner's sides, her house, pieces of canvas, boxes, barrels, sections of her boats and other debris are there. The location of the wreckage, coupled with the fact that other articles were found floating in Fitzhugh Sound between Calvert Island and the Mainland would lead to the belief that it was not far from Cape Scott or the group of small islands which lead from it out to Triangle Island that the vessel went ashore. There are times off that coast when it would be impossible for any man to escape from a vessel which foundered there. This report is in line with the Indian reports and the one brought in by one of the sealing schooners early in the season. The Quadra in her trip to Cape Scott last summer must have passed the point where the wreckage is, at a considerable distance from the shore. Otherwise it would certainly have been seen.

Capt. McLeod did not see many schooners and spoke none. He says he is almost willing to wager that the fleet combined have not taken 100 skins to date, if they have all had the weather he has been in. Seals are very scarce along the Vancouver Island shore, or at least they were during the time he spent on the coast. Where he was it was too rough to lower a boat. He has a crew of Indian hunters. He left them in Clayoquot, and will call for them on his way down the coast. The Pathfinder will receive a new chain and anchor this afternoon or in the morning, and will put to sea again immediately.

The deceased has no relatives here as far as known. He was a native of Newfoundland and was born in 1852. He was out in the Mascot last year.

The schooner Pathfinder is registered as the Pioneer, but is generally known by the former name.

#### Evangelistic Services.

Seldom has the Lyceum been crowded as it was on Sunday night to hear Mrs. Hampson-Hemus in the first mass meeting of the series. Standing-room, even, was difficult to obtain. All creeds were represented, and doubtless many who never go near any of the churches found themselves present. Profound personal conviction marks all the speaker says and her own spirit deeply moves her audience. "This is a faithful saying and worthy of all acceptation, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners," furnished the Scriptural basis for the address. This was rapidly opened, exhibiting the ability of the experienced winner of souls. The Lyceum is too small to accommodate the large attendance, and it would be a pity to limit the usefulness of the meetings by depriving the large number who are anxious to hear Mrs. Hemus from the privilege of attending. If the Metropolitan Methodist church, with its splendid auditorium, were thrown open for the meetings, or any other building that might be found large enough, this difficulty would be overcome. Ten days or so, the speaker said, would be the limit of their continuance. Mr. J. G. Brown has charge of the choir, and he asks members from all the choirs in the city to help him in that department of the work. The afternoon meetings are for all who desire to attend and will be held in the Lyceum at 2:30. The evening meetings begin at 7:30.

#### St. Paul's Concert.

A first-class programme, the prospect of a fine moonlight night and an half-hourly tram car service to the end of Craigflower road, a few minutes walk from the hall, should fill the public hall, Craigflower road, Victoria West, to morrow evening, at the St. Paul's Presbyterian church concert. Doors open at 7:30, concert to begin at 8 sharp. Tickets 50 cents. *

#### Old Country and Eastern Prices

Not in it with the low prices prevailing at the boot and shoe sale of Russell, McDonald & Co.

#### Reopening.

The Omineca saloon, having been refurnished and refitted, will be reopened by the new proprietor, Mr. J. Conlin, on Thursday next.

#### Cars Stopped.

The tramcars did not run yesterday morning in consequence of a defect in the bearings of the new armature which was placed in the generators on Sunday.

#### Bound for China.

Florian Waldeck, who was arrested a short time ago by Sergeant Walker of this city and sent to San Francisco with a detective on a charge of embezzlement, which was afterwards withdrawn by the prosecution, is again in the city. He propcses to take a trip to China.

#### Hotel for Sale.

Mr. T. Miller, proprietor of the Provincial Hotel Nanaimo, is about to dispose of his business, as he is unable to attend to it owing to ill health. The business occupies a central position and is a good paying concern. It is a splendid chance for anyone looking for a hotel.

#### Executive Meeting.

At a meeting of the executive of the Victoria Lacrosse Club held on Saturday afternoon, a committee consisting of J. Hyland, Foster Macgurn and W. Cullin was appointed to make arrangements for securing grounds for the coming season. If the club obtains a lease of the Caledonia grounds they will enlarge their club house and make other improvements.

#### New Rock Found.

Captain Thomas Wallace, of the steamship Walla Walla, makes a report that is of great importance to mariners. He says: "Last Sunday afternoon in coming into the Straits between Tatoosh Island and Duncan Rock I saw a big breaker about one-eighth of a mile southeast of Duncan Rock, where the latest charts show 12 fathoms of water. There is not over three and a half or four fathoms of water on it."

#### Suspected of False Pretenses.

Frank Laforcade, general dealer, of Johnson street, has sworn out a warrant against Henry Jensen, charging Jensen with obtaining goods and money under false pretenses. Jensen was to have sailed as cook on the schooner Labrador and secured a three months' draft for $40 in part payment of his services. Jensen cashed the draft with Laforcade and bought goods from him. Jensen did not ship on the Labrador.

#### Wooden Ware Factory.

The establishment of a wooden ware factory is being considered by a number of business men in this city and Vancouver. The gentlemen most interested are those who use a large number of small tubs, buckets and kegs for packing the products of their factories. A large number of these tubs are now imported from the east by both Victoria and Vancouver manufacturers. The wood used is much cheaper in British Columbia than in Ontario, and therefore the tubs, etc. could be made more cheaply here than in the east. All kinds of wooden ware would be made.

#### John Lomax's Will.

The funeral of John Lomax, colored, took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his late residence 272 Yates street. It was largely attended and Rev. J. E. Coombes officiated. The pallbearers were: C. Alexander, S. Coones, T. Alexander, S. Whitley, S. Booth, W. H. Wheeler. After the funeral the friends returned to the house where the will of the deceased was read by lawyer H. D. Helmcken. Among the legacies were: The old horse, wagon and harness and $100 to Kirk Jackson; $100 to Godfrey Kennell; and house and furniture and a town lot to Mrs. Pierre, senior, with reversionary interest to her daughter Justina, Mrs. T. Alexander. The remainder of his real and personal property is left to his half-brother now in Virginia. The estate is roughly estimated at from $8000 to $10,000.

#### Divisional Court.

Before the Chief Justice, Walkem, J., and Drake, J.

Mr. Bodwell to-day made his motion for a new trial in the case of Gabriel vs. Mosher, which motion was amended to enable him to move that judgment be entered for the defendant on the ground that the plaintiff had made out no cause of action. This was simply following the precedent established in the case of Kerr & Begg vs. Cotton. The trial took place on the 5th, 6th and 7th days of January of this year before Crease, J., and a special jury with the result that the jury found in favor of the plaintiff and estimated the damages at $3500, and in pursuance of the verdict his lordship ordered that judgment entered for the plaintiff in that amount and costs, refusing Mr. Bodwell's application for a nonsuit on grounds already published in the TIMES. Mr. Bodwell now asks for a new trial on the grounds of wrongful rejection of evidence, misdirection of the jury, and failure of the judge to direct the jury on points of law material to the decision, and which had been raised in the pleading. Mr. McPhillips appears for the plaintiff Gabriel.

## TO BE COFFER DAMMED.

### The San Pedro Will Be Tackled on a New Principle.

An entirely new method is to be pursued in the work of raising the San Pedro by Captain Lachlan. He will construct a coffer dam, preparations for which are being made at the outer wharf. This mode of proceeding with the work is rendered necessary by the decks of the vessel breaking in. The Christmas storm did that, and undid all the work of the past. The coffer dam method is the best, so shipping men agree.

## THEY PULLED TWO HOURS.

### Firemen and "C" Battery "raw" in a Tug of War Contest.

The Pythian celebration at the Market Hall on Saturday evening was attended by a large number. The Uniformed rank marched to the hall and were reviewed by Col. F. W. Behnsen. The military evolutions of the uniformed knights were much admired. The tugs-of-war then began. "C" Battery and the fire department were the first on the list. The teams were:

C. Battery—Master Gunner Bridgeford, Sergts. McCormack, McCarthy, D'Amour, Corporals Hamilton and Englefield, Bombardier Shaw, Gunners Neal, Thomas, Carnes, Captain Ogilvie, captain.

Fire department—D. A. Henry, T. Watson, C. Bush, C. Palmer, L. McNeill, F. LeRoy, J. McMullen, J. Hay, H. Petticrew, W. Rendall, Chief T. Deasy, captain.

The contest lasted two hours and was the best exhibition of the kind seen in British Columbia. The battery men, by their superior weight, gained a little on the drop, but this slight advantage appeared to count for nothing, for the firemen hung steadily to the rope and did not budge. The firemen kept up a steady pull and "hang to," and the repeated efforts of their opponents did not weaken their hold. When it was obvious that neither team was gaining and as time was rolling by, the team captains decided to call the contest off and to pull again. Both teams were heartily cheered by hundreds of enthusiastic spectators.

Sunset Lodge defeated Far West Lodge in a seven minute contest. The entertainment closed with an address of thanks by Col. Behnsen. The lucky numbers in the ladies prize drawing contest are: No. 1 wins 1st prize; 230, 2nd; 104, 3rd; 144, 4th; 12, 5th; 177, 6th; 207, 6th; 224, 8th; 109, 9th; 157, 10th; 96, 11th; 77, 12th; 149, 13th; 170, 14th; 6, 15th; 94, 16th; 142, 17th; 153, 18th; 194, 19th; 219, 20th; 199, 21st; 80, 22nd.

Ald. Henderson drew the numbers.

The following has been handed in:

ARTILLERY BARRACKS, Feb. 20.

TO THE EDITOR:—Will you be kind enough to insert in your paper the decision given by the referee in the tug-of-war, C Battery vs. firemen, and oblige?

The referee decides that there is no contest, the regulation pull of six feet not being completed. The pull is in favor of C Battery. Yours,

A. MULCAHY, Sgt.-Major.

#### Ecclesiastical Polity.

Dr. Campbell gave an instructive address last evening on the polity of the Presbyterian church. He said that the Presbyterian, Episcopalian, and Congregational churches represent the three different opinions of the "jure divino" system of church government, as outlined in the New Testament. One of the cardinal principles of Presbyterianism was the "parity" of ministry. All ministers are on the same level. The young man in a rural charge and the man occupying a metropolitan pulpit are ecclesiastically on the same level. Even the Moderator of General assembly is only first among equals. Another cardinal principle of Presbyterianism was "popular government." The management of all church affairs is carried on by the joint action of the ministers and people. The elders represent the people, and they and the ministers meet in every court and enter into every committee. Another cardinal principle in Presbyterianism was "ecclesiastical unity." It is compact and symmetrical, answering the end of popular government, with such wise centralization of authority as is necessary to make government efficient. There is a gradation of courts, so that the decision of an inferior court may come before a higher court, and thus all can have justice done them. The speaker declared that while episcopacy, as to polity, with its three orders in the ministry, had many things that were good, yet in relation to support from Scripture it was fairly on the shelf; and now the only debatable ground was between Presbyterianism and Congregationalism, which churches were every year drawing nearer each other, Presbyterianism becoming more Congregational, and Congregationalism more Presbyterian. While ministers and elders, being the teachers in the church, are required to subscribe to the doctrines taught as formulated in her stand and private members are not asked by any law of the church to ascribe to any standard of formulated doctrines. Any person the session has reason to believe God would admit to heaven, they admit to the Lord's table, although their views on many points might be very different from those held by the church. In conclusion the lecturer said, we do not unchurch other denominations though preferring our own. While we deny that Episcopacy is a scriptural form of church government, we recognize Episcopal ordination. We do not agree with the Congregational polity, yet we admit the validity of Congregational ordination. If a man would prefer to be baptized in a river than in a basin we have no objection, we recognize his baptism. The strength of Presbyterianism, in a great measure, lies in the open door which it offers to all who are Christ's, joined with strict conservatism in its office-bearers. Our machinery is well adapted to the work of the gospel, which the Master has given us to do. It is only necessary to put it into effective exercise, and go on in harmony with our brethren of other Christian denominations, to the conquest of the world for Jesus.

## PERSONAL.

#### Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

T. L. Davies, of Nanaimo, is in the city.

W. A. Jewett, Nelson, is at the Victoria.

Charles M. Holden, of Nanaimo, is in town.

E. W. Ruff returned home to Seattle last evening.

Thomas Davis and wife, of Nanaimo, are in the city.

Capt. Rogers came down from Vancouver last evening.

W. H. Mawdsley, returned from Vancouver last evening.

D. Oppenheimer came down from Vancouver last night.

F. C. Cotton, M.P.P., returned from the terminal city yesterday.

E. E. Blackwood is at his office today after two weeks' illness.

R. Horton, of the H. B. Company, has returned from California.

T. O. Townley and Mrs. Townley, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

D. J. Munn and John Hendry, of New Westminster, are in town.

Chas. Wilson and A. J. McColl, of New Westminster, are in town.

J. Wulffsohn, C. D. Rand and C. R. King, of Vancouver, are in the city.

Geo. L. Courtenay, of the C.P.R., returned last evening from Vancouver.

W. F. Anderson, auditor with the C. P.R. at Vancouver, is in the city to-day.

Bishop Lemmens is expected to return to Victoria about the first of March.

D. McPhadden, manager of the B. C. Cattle Company, returned from Vancouver last evening.

Ralph E. Moody, Judge M. B. Sachs and J. H. Caustens, of Port Townsend, all spent Sunday in the city.

Captain James Christiansen, Vancouver, and Captain H. F. Welden, Valparaiso, are registered at the Oriental.

H. Abbott, superintendent of the Pacific division of the C.P.R., and his private secretary, J. P. Geddes, are in the city.

Mrs. Murray Thain, of Vancouver, came down on the Islander last night on a visit to her sister, Mrs. James R. Anderson, 32 Kingston street. James Bay.

#### To Pull Again.

The committee in charge of the tug-of-war have decided that the firemen and the C batterymen must pull again to-morrow night and settle their draw of Saturday night. It will take place at the Market hall. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged and the winners will take 75 per cent. of the gate receipts, the pitcher offered by Rev. M. C. Browne and the $30 prize offered by the Uniform Rank. The firemen have signified their willingness to be on hand, but the C batterymen have not yet said whether their team will or not.

#### Site for a Morgue.

Ald. Miller will move at the next meeting of the council, that a committee be appointed to confer with the Government with a view of obtaining a suitable site for a morgue.

Charts, tide tables, nautical books and almanacks at J. Johnson & Co. *


DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

5 CENTS EACH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF

McCall's Bazaar Patterns

Riding Habits, Ladies' Cloaks, Costumes, Waists, Skirts, Blouses, Etc., Misses and Childrens' Cloaks, and Dresses, Ladies' and Childrens' Underwear, Men's and Boy's Clothing, Underwear of all descriptions, Baby Linen.

These Patterns are worth from 15c. to 50c. each,

And will be sold at the above nominal figures for TWO WEEKS. Any unsold at that date will be destroyed to make way for new stock now on the way. At

Spencer's Arcade,

Government Street.

A New Assortment

OF

Piano, Banquet, Table, Library Lamps.

Very Handsome Selection of Silverware for Presentation Purposes.

The SEHL-HASTIE ERSKINE Co.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the public.

New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON, Manager for Province of B. C.
OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,300,000.

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BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

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NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1yr W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

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Lace Curtains.

A Large Stock of White and Ecru Lace Curtains just arrived.

New Lines of Crockery and Glassware continually arriving.

Complete House Furnishings.

Inspection invited.

Show Rooms, 51 to 55 Fort St.
Furniture Factory, Humbolt St.

## WEEDS OF THE WEST.

**Valuable Notes by Professor Shaw, of the American Agricultural College.**

**The Weeds He Warns the Farmers Against Are Worse Than Canada Thistles.**

Weed life has apparently so borne down upon the Western farmer with its legions that he is already in many instances so completely conquered that in despair he has given up the fight. He is not only ready to say that after all weeds do not injure the crop to any great extent, but he has come to that most hopeless of conclusions in agriculture, viz., that they cannot be exterminated. In other words, that manly spirit which in years gone by grappled with the difficulties of the wilderness and overcame them, which furnished soldiers in the hour of of need to preserve intact the Union, has so forgotten its former self that it is acknowledging defeat in a contest with that most contemptible antagonist, weed life. For days I journeyed by rail through the aforementioned States in search of one farm of which it might be said, "This farm is clean," and failed to find it. Weed life abounds on every hand; weeds line the fence borders everywhere and oftentimes hide them from view; they fill the stubble fields brim full; they revel oftentimes amid the standing corn, amid which above all places they should not be tolerated. And they turn the pastures, the famous blue-grass pastures, into what might more fittingly be termed weed pastures.

Nor will it suffice to answer that the extraordinary development of weed life is owing to the extraordinary fertility of soil, for natural capabilities of soil are incapable of sustaining weed life in its most offensive forms in the face of first-class farming. Shame on that farming which concludes that weeds cannot be overcome, or that it will not pay the farmer to overcome them. That philosophy should hang its head in a shady place which teaches that after all our noxious weeds do not work much harm. At the risk of being called enthusiast and crank and alarmist, I cannot refrain from exclaiming that I am glad that I am yet alive to lift up my voice against the amazing indifference of the farmers of so great a continent in reference to the prevalence of weed life. It is simply shocking to contemplate that a weed is more than a match sometimes for a man, and it is humiliating to think that pestiferous weed life is found more than a match for a greatly progressive agricultural people.

It need not be so. This continent could be practically cleared of the more offensive forms of weed life in a few short years if the farmers were determined that it should be so, and this great deliverance could be brought about without the loss of a single crop. It is greatly comforting to know that amid thousands of varieties of weeds that infest this continent not more probably than a score are able to stand up against what may be termed good farming. In other words, not more probably than a score of these require specific modes of cultivation for their eradication.

Of all the forms of weed life in the West which are troublesome and greatly aggressive ragweed is the worst. I would unhesitatingly crown ragweed king among the abominable weed pests that harrass the western farmer. Your papers frequently sound the alarm against the ingress of that misnomer the Canadian thistle, but which of them is found urging your people to carry on a war of extermination against ragweed? Far be it from me to say one word that would lead your farmers to look upon the invasion of the Canadian thistle with indifference, but I am free to say at the same time that I regard ragweed as a far worse foe to fight than the Canadian thistle. The Canadian thistle can be completely eradicated in two years and without the loss of one paying crop. This cannot be said of ragweed when it has once got a firm foothold.

It is not the purpose of this paper to give the modes of obliterating the more noxious forms of weed life. To do that would be to write a volume. My object is to sound the alarm in the hope of drawing attention to the question. But it may accomplish something to refer to two or three things which, if but generally practiced will accomplish much in reducing weed life. Thousands and tens of thousands of sheep may be given the opportunity to turn them into mutton to feed the epicure in eastern cities. The mower may be run over the pastures at least once a year and over the newly-sown meadows. The scythe can do its work in fence corners and by-places. Autumn cultivation can bury the unripe weeds in millions after harvest. The corn may be kept clean instead of half-clean, and the agricultural colleges by the force of precept and example can imbue the young men who attend them with an undying hate in regard to all the troublesome forms of weed life, insomuch that when they go back to their farms they will wage a war of extermination against the hateful intruders. Some men say they have no time to do these things: I have heard men say they had no time to attend to their devotions, but never yet did I believe them. I shall close this paper by submitting the following propositions: 1. The troublesome forms of weed life can be obliterated. 2. This can be accomplished without the loss of a single crop; that is to say without omitting one crop for a single season. 3. It will pay the farmer to obliterate noxious weeds if he intend to remain long upon the farm. And 4. A farmer can make more money who keeps his farm clean than one who does not, other things being equal.—Prof. Shaw, in Breeder's Gazette.

### Quality, Not Size.

As an exchange says, mere size in cattle is becoming as objectionable today as mere size in hogs already is. The heavy-weight hog was formerly the high-priced hog, and the larger the size the higher the price a pound. But in these days the buyer of pork is after meat, not lard, and so the meaty rather than the lardy hog is what the market wants. The same condition exists regarding cattle. Kerosene went into the tallow business; tallow is not the valuable article it was in the days of the candle. There is also a more fastidious taste abroad in the land regarding beef. Certain parts of the carcass are relatively more highly prized than formerly and therefore command higher prices; and it also found that the young, quick maturing animal yields up the sweetest, juiciest cuts. The result of taste and discovery has been to increase the price of the well-made animal. Size of itself is not objectionable, but size alone is not enough to command the highest price. Quality, not quantity, is the pathway that cattle must travel to reach the goal of maximum price. Form, development, early maturity are now the prize takers in all markets.—Mirror and Farmer.

## CARE OF AUTUMN PIGS.

**Feed Well—Keep Warm and Dry—Keep Them Growing.**

As ordinarily arranged it is very questionable if autumn pigs sell for enough next season to pay the cost of wintering and properly preparing for market. Under present conditions of feeding, pigs to be profitable must make a quick growth and be ready to market in ten months, and in many cases eight months is better. If autumn pigs are ready to market at less than a year they will need better treatment than is generally given them by the average farmer. Some farmers make them pay well, but they provide warm, dry quarters, and feed so as to maintain a steady growth from birth to maturity. A good variety is selected and all reasonable care taken to maintain health and thrift, at the same time securing this at as low a cost as possible. Unless the farmer is willing to give the treatment necessary to secure a profitable growth, it will be better not to raise autumn pigs because they return him no profit. With all classes of stock, whenever they are fed and no gain secured, the value of the feed is added to the cost. When pigs, farrowed in good season in the autumn, are kept all winter and weigh but little more in the spring, the growth that can be made during the summer will but make up for what was lost during the winter; and if a pig farrowed in the autumn is not ready to market until the next autumn in a majority of cases it will cost more in feed (allowing nothing for risk) than it will bring when ready to market. If the autumn pig can be made

READY TO MARKET IN THE SPRING

or very early in the summer, it will generally return a fine profit, especially if it can have the run of a good clover pasture in the spring. Providing comfortable quarters, says the Journal of Agriculture, clean, dry and warm, will lessen the supply of feed to such an extent that often the same amount of feed that will barely keep the animals through the winter without shelter will be all that is necessary to keep them thrifty. While the poorly wintered hog will often prove a loss, the pig that is kept growing will be profitable. It is not necessary, or is it best to have the shelter costly; a cheap shed, provided it is warm, dry and convenient, will do. Feed the pig well, so that when it is cold and stormy they need not needlessly be exposed; let them have the run of a good pasture. They will keep healthier and make a better gain than if closely confined, even in cold weather. Keep thrifty but at as low a cost as possible, and secure steady growth or do not breed for autumn pigs.—Orange Judd Farmer.

### Work for Rainy Days.

Farmers should so arrange their business that during showers or rainy days there will be work indoors for themselves and men. There are always plenty of odd jobs that should receive attention, such as putting in new floors in place of those badly worn in the stables, or perhaps the mangers and feed boxes need to be repaired, enlarged or changed. The hay rack may need some new pieces, or the wagons may need a coat of paint. Some of the farm implements may require repairing or overhauling, or new bolts in certain places. New castings may be added where needed.

On reapers and mowers, the sections and guards should be always kept in good order. The oiling places should be well and thoroughly cleaned from gum and dirt, and if they are not provided with a cap a wooden plug can easily be fitted in, and we will then be quite certain that in applying oil it will lubricate the part intended. To do all this, a few common tools will be needed, and a work bench on which to do a great deal of the work. A large window should be located near the bench, preferably, directly in front of where the vise is placed, as a vast amount of the most difficult work is held by that tool.

Every farmer should have laid away under shelter a supply of well seasoned timber suitable for whiffletrees and other parts of implements liable to break or wear out, for it does not pay to run to the shop to get a new whiffletree made every time one is broken. The bill at the shop in one year would enable one to purchase all the tools necessary to do the work at home, besides it will save many hours and perhaps days of valuable time. The feeling of independence and the discipline the working with tools will give you is a very important consideration. If you have sons let them work with the tools, show them how to use and properly care for them, thus making farm life pleasant and useful.—Am. Agriculturist.

### Queen Victoria's Cows.

Not a gentleman farmer in England is fonder of taking prizes at county fairs than is Queen Victoria. Of late years this has been her Majesty's chief source of pleasure, and she treasures the medals won by her butter and cheese and the premiums carried off by her cattle above the gorgeous tributes of her eastern subjects or her German royal relations. When she is at Balmoral not a day passes that she does not personally inspect the home farm, as it is called, and now and then advise as to the butter and cheese making, in which she is especially interested. Her dairies are almost Dutch in their exquisite cleanliness, the box stalls being tiled in blue and white china, and the milking done by maids.

It is said that the produce of these model farms is sold in London, and that her thrifty Majesty turns many an honest penny in this wise. Well, if she does, what matter? It adds to the interest of farming, no doubt, to make it profitable, and she is to be congratulated upon her success. At Windsor a herd of American buffaloes is kept, and recently an attempt was made to cross them with some Scotch cattle.

### Diphtheria in Animals.

It is a matter of undoubted evidence that cats contract diphtheria from human beings, and that children and other persons take the disease from cats. A certain form of diphtheria attacks cattle and proves both infectious and contagious, not only to their own species, but also to man, and in like manner the human disease may be conveyed to cattle. In a near neighborhood diphtheria was only broken up by a wholesale destruction of the pet cats.


St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN, CURES

RHEUMATISM,

Backache, Bruises, Sciatica, Burns, Sprains, Frost-Bites,

NEURALGIA.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

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IRON STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

2½ per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing; prevents blow holes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5.00 per 100-pound box, $28.00 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock-Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfeld Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

Branch offices and deposits: Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lormer & Rose, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; Southern Steel and Aluminum Alloy Co., Rome, Ga.; J. D. Smith Foundry Supply Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. del-6m


## WAS A DEAD FAILURE.

**He Was Equal to Both Sides, But Could get Neither.**

The fellow with a big lump in his windpipe and a birthmark on his left ear lost no time in announcing that he wanted some life insurance.

"Can't seem to make anything out of existing in this world," he explained with an effort to be cheerful, "and I'd like to see if dying won't be more profitable."

The clerk smiled obligingly and opened a book.

"What's the state of your health?"

The fellow with the lump in his windpipe seemed deeply affected.

"Bad," he replied in a lachrymose voice.

The clerk closed his book.

"We can't insure anyone in bad health," he quietly observed.

"Hey!"

"Can't insure you. Good-day."

Gradually the situation dawned upon the fellow with a birthmark on his left ear.

"Can't insure me at all, eh?"

"No."

"All right. Now I want to make you a proposition. I'll bet you even I don't die inside of a year."

The clerk looked startled and shook his head.

"Well, I'll bet even I do die inside a year."

"No. I don't want to bet."

"I'll give you any odds either way."

"No. Good-day."

Hope fled from the visage of the fellow with the big lump in his windpipe. Dejected and miserable he left the office.

"A failure in life, a failure in death," he muttered.

No one remembered ever seeing him afterward.

### Old Comparison.

The people around the little mountain town called him Old Comparison, and I knew in a general way why the sobriquet had been given him, but I did not during my month's stay have an opportunity to test it, though I had a speaking acquaintance with him. One day I was passing his house and he was sitting on the steps of the little vine-clad porch in front.

"Good morning," I said, "It's a lovely day."

"Finer'n silk," he responded.

"How are you this morning?"

"Friskier'n a colt."

"How's your wife?"

"Pearter'n a pullet."

"The weather is very hot and dry for the season, don't you think?"

"Hotter'n a run hoss and dryer'n a clean shirt."

"The political campaign is very dull, isn't it?"

"Duller'n a wooden hatchet."

"I suppose you went to the wedding last night in the meeting house? A pretty bride, I thought."

"Purtier'n a speckled dog."

"The young man was rich, I hear?"

"Richer'n fertilizer a foot thick."

"By the way, are you willing to sell me those saw logs Brown couldn't take off your hands?"

"Willin'er 'n a gal to get spliced."

"When can I see them?"

"Quicker'n a lamb can shake his tail," and the old man grabbed his hat and stick and led the way to the river, offering no remark, but answering all questions as usual.


"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. It's great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tu&w


### Seals Reported Plentiful.

The outfitting sealers have a fresh cause for hurry, says Wednesday's San Francisco Examiner. A second herd of seals, whose skins are most desirable, is passing Point Reyes. Coasting captains report them to be working north in countless thousands 10 or 15 miles off shore, and the belated fur hunters are anxious to get out and lower their boats.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office.

Complete house furnishings in great variety at Weiler Bros.


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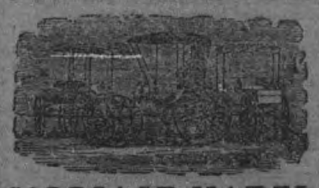
The Sower

Has no second chance. The first supplies his needs — if he takes the wise precaution of planting

Ferry's Seeds

Ferry's Seed Annual, for 1893, contains all the latest and best information about Gardens and Gardening. It is a recognized authority. Every planter should have it. Sent free on request. D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

JOHN MESTON



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A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $40 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 56 Third street, Victoria. m13-d



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THE

Northern Pacific

STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. FLINTSHIRE, February 10th

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,

Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,

Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

| STEAMSHIPS. | Arrive Victoria About. | Leave Victoria. |
|---|---|---|
| Empress of China.. | Feb. 15, 1893 | Mar. 6, 1893 |
| Empress of India... | Mar. 15, " | Apr. 3, " |
| Empress of Japan.. | Apr. 12, " | Apr. 24, " |
| Empress of China.. | May 3, " | May 15, " |
| Empress of India.. | May 24, " | June 5, " |
| Empress of Japan.. | June 14, " | June 26, " |
| Empress of China.. | July 5, " | July 17, " |
| Empress of India.. | July 26, " | Aug. 7, " |
| Empress of Japan.. | Aug. 16, " | Aug. 28, " |
| Empress of China.. | Sept. 6, " | Sept. 18, " |
| Empress of India.. | Sept. 27, " | Oct. 10, " |
| Empress of Japan.. | Oct. 25, " | Nov. 13, " |
| Empress of China.. | Nov. 22, " | Dec. 11, " |

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 500 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails requires a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after August 23rd, 1892,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

(CALLING AT WAY PORTS)

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island.....Thursday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, March 15, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai.....FRIDAY, March 3rd, 1893 3 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents. no1

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

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CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17,

Taking effect April 1, 1892

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 28 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Mande leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.



RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| BOUND SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily. | | STATIONS. | NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily. | | Miles from Wellington. | No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays. | | Miles from Victoria. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ar. | 12.24 P M | VICTORIA | Dp. | 8.00 A M | 73 | Dp. | 2.30 P M | 1 |
| " | 12.30 " | ESQUIMALT | " | 8.04 " | 72 | " | 2.34 " | 2 |
| " | 12.10 " | COLWOOD | " | 8.18 " | 70 | " | 2.44 " | 4 |
| " | 11.45 A M | GOLDSTREAM | " | 8.34 " | 67 | " | 2.59 " | 7 |
| " | 11.10 " | SUMMIT SIDING | " | 9.04 " | 63 | " | 3.29 " | 11 |
| " | 10.50 " | SHAWNIGAN LAKE | " | 9.24 " | 59 | " | 3.50 " | 15 |
| " | 10.41 " | COBBLE HILL | " | 9.34 " | 57 | " | 4.04 " | 17 |
| " | 10.27 " | MCPHERSON'S | " | 9.47 " | 54 | " | 4.17 " | 20 |
| " | 10.11 " | KOKSILAH | " | 10.03 " | 51 | " | 4.33 " | 23 |
| " | 10.02 " | DUNCANS | " | 10.12 " | 49 | " | 4.44 " | 25 |
| " | 9.36 " | SOMENOS | " | 10.38 " | 43 | " | 5.10 " | 31 |
| " | 9.15 " | CHEMAINUS | " | 10.59 " | 38 | " | 5.33 " | 36 |
| " | 8.34 " | OYSTER BAY SIDG | " | 11.50 " | 21 | " | 6.11 " | 53 |
| " | 8.25 " | NANAIMO | Ar. | 12.05 P M | 19 | Dp. | 6.20 " | 55 |
| Ar. | 8.10 " | WELLINGTON | Dp. | 11.59 " | 0 | Ar. | 12.15 P M | 73 |

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent. oct1

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Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

| SPEED 18 knots | | | Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." | | | TONNAGE 1117 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 00 am | Lv | M1 | ...*Tacoma... | 110 | Ar | 5 15 am |
| 10 15 am | Lv | 28 | ....Seattle.... | 82 | Lv | 3 00 am |
| 1 30 pm | Lv | 72 | Pt. Townsend | 38 | Lv | 11 45 pm |
| 4 30 pm | Ar | 110 | ...Victoria†... | M1 | Lv | 8 30 pm |

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.

S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 00 pm | Lv | M1 | ...‡Tacoma... | 122 | Ar | 4 30 pm |
| 9 00 pm | Lv | 28 | ...Seattle.... | 100 | Lv | 2 30 pm |
| 12 15 am | Lv | 72 | Pt. Townsend. | 53 | Lv | 11 30 am |
| 2 45 am | Lv | 101 | ..Anacortes.. | 21 | Lv | 9 15 am |
| 7 45 am | Ar | 123 | ..Fairhaven.. | 3 | Lv | 8 00 am |
| 8 10 am | Ar | 131 | ....Sehome... | 1 | Lv | 7 30 am |
| 4 30 am | Ar | 132 | ...Whatcom... | M1 | Lv | 6 00 am |

‡Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Lv | M1 | | | Ar | |
| 11 00 pm | Lv | 28 | ...*Seattle.... | 59 | Ar | 3 00 pm |
| 12 30 am | Lv | 39 | .Port Madison | 47 | Lv | 2 10 pm |
| | Lv | 45 | .. Kingston... | 41 | Lv | |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 49 | .Port Gamble. | 21 | Lv | 11 00 am |
| 4 00 am | Lv | 73 | .Port Ludlow. | 13 | Lv | 10 00 am |
| 6 00 am | Ar | 86 | ‖Pt. Townsend | M1 | Lv | 8 00 pm |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 First St. cor Washington, Portland, Or.

AUCTION SALES.

GEO. BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.

# AUCTION!

February 23, at 11 a.m.

## FINE LOT on DALLAS ROAD

I am instructed to sell by auction at my salesrooms, Fort and Langley Streets, the West Half of Lot 2, Block XIX., Beckley Farm, having a frontage of 75x250 on Dallas Road, near Boyd Street. This lot is in a beautiful location for a residence, and the land is of excellent quality. TERMS CASH.

G. BYRNES.
fe17

## Notice of Sale By Sheriff.

PURSUANT TO THE "EXECUTION ACT."

*In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.*

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Limited, Plaintiff; and William Beyer (sometimes known as William Beyers), M. J. Conlin and C. N. Gowen, Defendants.

In obedience to a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, dated the 10th day of January, 1893, and to me directed in the above-named suit for the sum of $267.78, and $3.50 for costs of execution, &c., and also interest on $276.78 at 6 per centum per annum from the 17th day of December, 1892, besides Sheriff's fees and poundage, I will sell at public auction in front of my office, Court House, Bastion Street, Victoria, on Friday the 24th day of February, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, the lands and tenements belonging to the said William Beyer, sometimes known as William Beyers, as described in this advertisement, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and expenses of this action.

| District. | No. of Lot. | Concise Description of Property. | Estate or Interest |
|---|---|---|---|
| Victoria District. | Lot 1 of part of Lot 66, Cloverdale Estate, Map 314. | Lot 1 of part of Lot 66 Cloverdale Estate according to Map 314, deposited in the Land Registry Office, at Victoria, having a frontage on Kelven R'd of 40 25-100 ft. by a depth of 202 95-100 feet. | Estate in fee simple. No charges against the land except the judgment herein. |

| When to be sold. | Where to be Sold. |
|---|---|
| Friday, the 24th day of February, 1893. | At the Sheriff's Office, Court House, Bastion Street, Victoria. |

The judgment herein was registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, against the said lands the 20th day of December, 1892.

J. E. McMILLAN,
Sheriff.
fe14-7t

## FIGS AND THISTLES.

**A Series of Awakening Blasts From Ram's Horn.**

Where hope dies hell begins.

The man who robs the poor robs God.

A bad man can never own anything that is fireproof.

In Christian life no man can live any higher than he looks.

God employs no hired men. His work is all done by his sons.

The devil is afraid of the man who always has sunshine in his heart.

Christ was crucified by sinners who occupied front seats in the church.

Nothing pays a poorer interest on the investment than wearing a long face.

The windows of heaven are always shut against the man who will not work.

It never hurts the man of faith a bit to sometimes have to travel in the dark.

When we love the Lord in earnest some of the neighbors will be sure to find it out.

The devil never throws any stones at the preacher whose religion is all in his head.

Some folks are willing to serve the Lord, provided they can pick out their own work.

No church is ready for a revival as long as the members are afraid to sit close together.

Whenever we help the poor it is an opportunity God gives us to show that we are true to Him.

All prosperity that does not have God's favor is simply an accumulation of chaff and stubble.

God does not want His children to live on stale bread, but a good many of them are trying to do it.

You can drink or let it alone, eh? Well, suppose you try letting it alone for a week as an experiment.

There is now and then a preacher who has nothing about him to make you think he is religious but his white cravat.

There is no promise in the Bible for the man who is lazy, no matter whether he wears a preacher's coat or a farmer's straw hat.—Ram's Horn.

**Just Missed It.**

Miss Fitt.—And so you were in the Crimean War, Major! Were you with the Light Brigade in their heroic charge?

Major Ananias Bluff.—I—eh—came very near being in that heroic charge, Miss Fitt. Never was so disappointed in my life. Thy would take but six hundred, and I—eh—was No. 601.

**Amusements.**

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

Blue, white and gray enamelled iron ware at Weiler Bros.

## SIGN LANGUAGE IS UNIVERSAL.

**Motions Used by Indians of Old Now Taught in Deaf-mute Schools.**

It is a fact worth noting that the signs used by the Indians of North America are identical in many instances with those employed by the deaf-mutes of today. A short time ago a friend of a writer in Scribner, who had spent considerable time among the Indians, but who had never talked with a deaf-mute before, conversed with some pupils o. the New York institution by means of signs which he had learned from the red men. "Where are you going?" and "I am going away on horseback" were the same when given by the deaf-mutes and by the visitor. Another instance showing the sign language to be a universal one was when the mother of the writer, herself a deaf person, while attending a convention of instructors of the deaf in France, conversed on various topics with a mute friend by means of signs. The French lady had no knowledge of the English language, while the American knew hardly a word of French.

It is evident that with the aid of a means of communication having the scope of this sign language, and learned without effort by simple intercommunication of deaf-mutes, general knowledge may be rapidly instilled into the minds of those who are deprived of hearing. They improve remarkably fast; but this system is not without its drawbacks, for if the sign language is depended upon too greatly the pupil does not make that progress in the English language that is essential to his communication with hearing and speaking people, nor for his improvement by the reading of both text-books and current literature.

**It Stuck in His Crop.**

There is too little corn an' too much husk an' cob
An' it sticks in my crop.
And folks that work hardes' git least for their job,
An' it sticks in my crop.
It takes a big tree to produce a small cherry,
An' it needs a large bush for a tarnal small berry,
An' a man must git wealthy afore he can marry—
An' it sticks in my crop.
An' the men who earn bread by the sweat of their brow,
(It sticks in my crop),
Git the wust kind er bread that there is anyhow,
An' it sticks in my crop.
But the men who dress up like a dude or a dandy
They eat nothing worser than puddin' or candy,
An' reach out an' grab just whatever comes handy—
An' it sticks in my crop.
And the poor man, like me, who digs in the dirt
(It sticks in my crop),
Never wears a tailed coat, never wears a biled shirt,
An' it sticks in my crop.
But the swell chaps who never did toilin' or spinnin'
But divide up their time betwixt sleepin' and sinnin'
Go aroun' like men peacocks in purple an' linen—
An' it sticks in my crop.
It sticks in my crop, I can't swallow it down
(It sticks in my crop),
That the hard working woman must wear a coarse gown,
It sticks in my crop;
While the girls who're too nice to let the ole cat in
An' all study music an' paintin' and Latin,
Never wear nothin' poorer than sealskin an' satin—
An' it sticks in my crop.
An' it sticks in my crop that me an' my wife,
Gosh! it sticks in my crop,
Hev pressed sour juice from the wine-press of life,
An' it sticks in my crop.
Fate seems to delight just to kick us and cuff us,
An' the worl' doesn't care how much either one suffers;
If we jaw it exclaims, "What ungrateful old duffers,"
An' it sticks in my crop.

—The Khan.

**Why Is Our Handwriting so Poor?**

The question is being asked, both in Europe and America, why it is that the handwriting of the average individual continues so poor, despite the time and effort spent by the schools in teaching the art of writing. The physicians, too, aroused by their own professional observations, have raised a protest against existing methods of teacking writing. They hold that both myopia and scoliosis, which develop so largely during school life, are distinctly traceable and taught in writing lessons; that these harmful postures are due to the "slope" or "slant" of the writing; that the spine will certainly be twisted unless an upright style of writing is adopted; that vertical writing, if substituted for the prevailing "sloping" style, would obviate all of these troubles. It has also been shown by experiment that the vertical style of writing can be taught more quickly than the "sloping," and, when learned, is more legible. We seem to be reaching a point where the typewriter will do the whole business.

**Color of the Eyes a Test of Strength.**

It is said that the health of the brunette type of eye is, as a rule, superior to that of a blonde type. Black eyes usually indicate good powers of physical endurance. Dark blue eyes are most common in persons of delicate, refined or effeminate nature, and generally show weak health. Light blue and, much more, gray eyes are most common in the hardy and active. With regard to the diseases of the eye, brown and dark colored are weaker or more susceptible of injury, from various causes, than gray or blue eyes. Light blue eyes are generally the most powerful, and next to those are gray. The lighter the pupil the greater and longer continued is the degree of tension the eye can sustain. The majority of first-class shots are men whose eyes are either blue or gray in color.—Indianapolis Journal.

**Tools Used in Building the Pyramids.**

One of the most interesting exhibitions in connection with the recent oriental congress in London is a collection of tools used by workmen in building the pyramids of Egypt. They were gathered and are exhibited by the illustrious Egyptologist, Flinders Petrie. These utensils indicate that ancient workmen had an astonishing acquaintance with many tools which we have been accustomed to consider essentially modern. Among the exhibits are solid and tubular corundum-tipped drills, and straight and circular saws and chisels described as "not a bit inferior to those now used."—Collector.

**Banana Juice as Indelible Ink.**

A correspondent of the Confectioners' Journal says that banana juice makes a first-class indelible ink. A spot on a white shirt from a dead ripe banana is marked forever, and this juice from bananas thoroughly decayed is a bright, clear carmine.

**A Vanished Lake.**

Salton Lake, which so suddenly appeared a few months ago in the Colorado desert, has entirely disappeared, and its bed is now covered with luxuriant verdure.

**Around the World Sans Money.**

Mr. Sven Wiren, a Danish newspaper man, who is trying to get around the world in eighteen months without using any money has reached New York. He is a correspondent of the Journal Dannebrog, of Copenhagen. He started from that city on Sept. 16, shipping as an ordinary seaman on a steamer bound for London. From London he secured passage to Liverpool, and from there he shipped Oct. 10 on the Danish bark Jorgensen for Wilmington, Del. By promising to print a notice in his newspaper about the steamship company he obtained free passage to New York. He is now beating his way to Chi-

SVEN WIREN.

cago. Mr. Wiren is only nineteen years old and speaks seven languages. His baggage consists of an extra suit and a dress suit. He has letters of introduction to the various Danish consuls throughout the world. From Chicago he will beat his way to California, and from there will take a steamer to China. He will proceed overland through India, thence by the Suez Canal to the northern coast of Africa, where he will resume his march, following the coast until he falls in with a Danish vessel bound for Copenhagen.

## THE DIRTIEST CITY IN THE WORLD.

**It is in China, and Its Streets Are From Two to Six Feet Wide.**

Amoy, in China, bears the unenviable reputation of being the dirtiest and most unhealthful city on the globe. The reputation is thoroughly deserved. What is a more unpleasant fact is the promise of the present tendency of affairs to a lower and worse condition. The reasons are obvious to a new comer at a glance.

The city is built on the edge of a mountainous island, and is exceedingly old. Inscriptions on ancient tombs run back as far as the beginning of the Christian era, and coins found in accidentally discovered graves date dynasties from 500 to 1,000 B.C. During all this period the hillsides of the city have been used as burying grounds. As the population increased the houses encroached upon the cemetery land, until finally the two became hopelessly intermixed.

The United States Consulate is regarded as a very superior locality, but it is surrounded by over a hundred tombs. A score of the large blocks of granite used in and about it are old tombstones. On the hill, immediately behind the residence of F. Malcampo, the graves touch one another at every point and form a solid white surface of rock, brick, porcelain and cement, covering more than 1,000,000 square feet. Near the Lampaw-do-joss-house 30,000 bodies are said to have been buried vertically to save space. They lie, or stand, on a plot of ground of as many square feet. Amoy proper and its suburbs have a living population of about 1,000,000 and a dead one of four and a half times as many. The wells are shallow and are sunk on the edges of the graveyards and even among the tombs themselves. I have not seen one whose water is not muddy and discolored by the perpetual turning up of the soil.

The city is a relic of the past. It is walled the same as it was in the time of Confucius. It has no sewers whatever. The streets vary from two to six feet in width; no wheeled vehicles can use them. An equestrian would experience great difficulty in turning a corner. Here and there is an open space or plaza, dug out so as to be a huge open cesspool; into it the streets discharge their filth.

**She Drives a Locomotive.**

CAIRO, W. Va., Feb. 20.—Miss Ida Hewitt, who is said to be the only female locomotive engineer in the world, has been engaged by the women commissioners of the World's Fair to run the first train over the grounds on the opening day of the exhibition. She will leave here for Chicago about a week before the opening day. She is a pretty girl, and during the first trip of the engine will wear the costume of a Spanish girl of the fourteenth century. In reply to a proposition made to Miss Hewitt to become a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, it is reported that she replied that while she could not find it in her heart to become a brother to them she would be a sister to them as long as she lived. The commissioners are said to have had a great deal of trouble in inducing her to run the engine at the fair, as she shrank from appearing as "a freak." The road upon which Miss Hewitt is now running regularly is the Cairo and Little Kanawa, owned mostly by the girl's father, a man of wealth.


## The Faded Flower Now in Perfect Bloom!

Mrs. F——, a well-known lady in Brantford, Ont., says that Lactated Food saved the life of her little baby-girl. Three months ago, the little one was weak and puny, and the doctor had given up all hope. The mother's joy and idol had become a little faded flower and death was daily looked for. A happy thought entered the mother's sorrowing heart; it was a gleam of hope—a ray of sunshine. She had heard of Lactated Food; she had been told of its invigorating and strengthening qualities, and she determined to try it as a last resort.

The food was procured and a little of it fed to the infant, who could tolerate no other nourishment on its weak stomach. After a day's feeding in small quantities, the child seemed to revive and gain strength. In one week, the sickly babe was showing a degree of vitality that was encouraging to father and mother. All rejoiced at the wonderful change; baby's life was indeed saved. To-day the child is one of the healthiest in Canada, and gives promise of great robustness and strength in the future. It is no exaggeration to say that "Lactated Food Saves Babies Lives."

# SELLING AT COST

Overcoats, Macintoshes, Melissa Capes, Rubber Coats

100 Boys' Overcoats at Half Price.

B. WILLIAMS & Co.,

97 Johnson Street. Clothiers and Hatters.

# COAL

## The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).

*ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.*

## THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

## Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL.,
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Conservatory of Music.
MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.
97 Quadra street,
Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers
SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.
Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cohan's Printing Office
Telephone 192.
38 FORT STREET.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT
that your advertisement is not
IN THE TIMES?

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

## New England Bakery.

116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.

The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is

Now Open Day and Night

AT THE OLD STAND.

THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.

YOUNG BROS.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

GOING TO

Jewelers or so-called "Opticians" for Glasses is equivalent to going to a Blacksmith for Jewelry. If your vision is defective consult the

ONLY OPTICIANS

F. W. Nolte & Co.
(Successors to Hyams)
27 FORT STREET

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.


## LEGAL NOTICES.

TAKE NOTICE that we, William Gordon Stevenson and John Boyd Jones, shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1893, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by us at the premises known as the Pritchard House, situate on the north-east corner of Government and Yates Streets, in the City of Victoria, upon portion of Victoria City Lot No. 162, to John Boyd Jones, of Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, for the sale of malt and spirituous liquors by retail at the said premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated the 4th day of February, 1893.

WILLIAM GORDON STEVENSON.
JOHN BOYD JONES.

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to Robert Dudgeon and Harry Brice, of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 31st day of January, 1893.

W. J. HAMBLY,
F. W. GILBERT.
ja31-1m

### To the Board of Licensing Commissioners:

I, the undersigned Frederick James Dawley, of the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a license to sell wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building used or intended to be used for an hotel, and containing upwards of thirty rooms, and which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot 149 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets, in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1893.

td FREDERIC JAMES DAWLEY.

### "Land Registry Act."

Section Fifteen (15), Range One East, South Saanich District, excepting three acres thereof as described in a conveyance dated the 16th day of January, 1873, and made between George Thomas, of the one part, and Alexander Caulfield Anderson and William Thomson, of the other part.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title in the above property will be issued to George Thomas on the first day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1892. n25-3m

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held on Wednesday, the 8th day of March next for a license to sell wines spirits, and other liquors in the hotel premises situate on Lot 120, Block B, Store street, Victoria, and known as the "Janion Hotel," which hotel contains fifty rooms.

JOHN TURNER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1893.
ja31


## Do You Write for the Papers?

If you do, you should have THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM, a Text-Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

SENT ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, BY

ALLAN FORMAN,
117 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

State where you saw this and you will receive a handsome lithograph for framing.

# To Rent.

ONE OF THE FINEST OFFICES IN THE CITY

Splendid location. On ground flor, Five Sisters Block. Large; well lighted by electricity; heated with steam. Apply at C. P. R. ticket office. oct12-1m

# TO DEPOSITORS

## The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

Paid up Capital, $250,000. Reserve, $80,000.

**In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.**

ja19-1m



## The Stanley House

NOTWITHSTANDING the big sales advertised by some of the merchants, we are doing a good business and will continue to do so, for the simple reason that every one who examines our Stock can see at once that the goods are as cheap (except the lines that are cheaper) as any house in the City.

Our Winter Stock, such as Jackets, Millinery, Furs and Heavy Dress Goods, we are selling regardless of cost at prices below anything before offered.

The celebrated Bretange and Gascogne Kid Gloves, manufactured by Perrin, Freres & Co., (the acknowledged best Kid Glove manufactured in the world) we are selling at $1.00 and $1.25, every pair of which we guarantee.

To make room for the large stock now being purchased by MR. HAMPSON in Europe, we will offer for the next 30 days some of the Best Goods at the Lowest Prices ever seen in Victoria Do not fail to see our Stock before making your purchases.

**W. S. HAMPSON & CO**

Stanley House,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.



## MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.

LIMITED,

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,

oc8 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.



## THE JAPANESE BAZAAR,

Largest Stock of New Goods and at very Low Prices.

Fresh Importations by Every Steamer.

**T. S. FUTCHER,**

Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C



**There is Safety In Numbers**

THE COMPETITION in the printing trade in Victoria enables you to get your work done at a reasonable figure.

Books, Catalogues and Office Stationery Printed by the

VICTORIA PRINTING COMPANY,

47½ Government street. Phone 430



## Argyle House.

NEW GOODS

2 Bales Flanelette.

2 Bales Ginghams.

Flanelette, 12 yards for $1.00

Ginghams, 10 yards for $1.00

White Calico, 36 inches wide, 12 yards for $1.00.

Brown Holland, 10 yards for $1.00

White Satin Stripe Muslin, 12 yards for $1.00.

Unbleached Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 5 yards for $1.00.

White Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 25c. a yard.

Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair.

White Quilts, 85c. each.

**J. Horner & Co.**



## You

Need a pair of Gum Boots or Rubbers, to protect you from the "beautiful" —as it is called by people who don't have to shovel sidewalks.

**A. B. Erskine,**

Corner of Government and Johnson Streets, has the best assortment in the City.

**Try Him.**


### CANADIAN CATTLE.

**The Embargo May be Raised---Rumored Political Changes.**

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—The government received a cable dispatch to-day from Sir Charles Tupper, stating that their action in withdrawing the quarantine regulation in the Northwest and Manitoba which permits settlers' stock to come into Canada without quarantine, was well received in England, and the result will probably be that Britain will now lift the order which schedules Canada. An order-in-council passed by the Dominion Government on Saturday makes a ninety days' quarantine compulsory from the Atlantic to the Pacific. It is expected to have a deterrent effect upon immigration from the States.

Mr. Sedgwick was sworn in to-day as justice of the Supreme court, by Chief Justice Strong.

It is rumored here again that Meredith will come into the Dominion Cabinet and that Patterson will retire to lead the Ontario Opposition. If correct. Meredith will become Minister of Justice, as Sir John Thompson will be absent six months in connection with Behring sea matters.

Dalton McCarthy will move an amendment in the budget debate in favor of reducing duties on imports of goods and articles manufactured in Britain.

Mr. Edgar will likely move for a committee to investigate Caron's case. He will make his charges so specific that the Government can scarcely refuse a committee.

The supplementary estimates reach $1,245,000. The items include a cartridge factory and military stores, $60,000; Victoria drill hall, $21,000; quarantine purposes, 146,000, including for new accommodation at William Head, $62,000; wharf at the same place, $35,000; Indians, British Columbia, $9000, including provisions for an industrial school at Chilliwack; prevention of smallpox among Indians, $3000; Alaska boundary survey, $32,000.

An order has been issued that black oxide of copper and platinum for use in the manufacture of chlorate be placed on the free list. The former will be free so long as it is not manufactured in the Dominion.

A new customs decision states that photograph mounts, bevelled, embossed, printed or plain, are dutiable at six cents per pound and 20 per cent. ad valorem. Collectors must be guided by this ruling in all future entries of such mounts.

Dr. Weldon, Mr. McNeill and other Tory and imperialist members are making themselves extremely busy over the Nova Scotia coal bill. They have now sent communications to the Lords of the Admiralty with the view of securing Imperial interference. They are not likely to succeed.

**The Last Week of the Great**

Boot and shoe sale at Russell, McDonald & Co.

### BIRTH.

CROGHAN—In this city on the 20th inst., the wife of Mr. W. H. Creghan, of a son.

BROWN—On the 18th inst., the wife of Alan Brown, of this city, of a daughter.

### DIED.

SMITH—In this city on Feb'y 20th, William Smith, aged 60 years, a resident of Comox, formerly of Minto, Ontario.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, Feb'y 22nd, from 164 Pandora Avenue, at 1.30 p.m., and St. Barnabas church at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

Harrison Tribune and Hamilton Spectator please copy.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A mother's help. Apply to Mrs. Andrew, Garbally Road, corner of Gorge Road. fe20-2t

RE-OPENING OF THE

**OMINECA SALOON,**

Under the new Management,

**On Thursday, the 23rd instant.**

The place has been remodelled and refurnished throughout. Free Lunch.

M. J. CONLIN, Proprietor.

fe20-4t

## AUCTION

**Schooner "Oscar and Hattie"**

—ON—

**Saturday, Feb. 25th, at 11 a.m.**

By order of the Admiralty Court of B. C., I am instructed to sell by auction at the salesrooms of Mr. Geo. Byrnes, Fort and Langley streets, Victoria,

The above mentioned fine schooner, 81 tons register nett, built in Essex, Massachusetts, U. S., of oak, together with all sails, rigging, anchors, chains, boats, guns and outfit, and sundry stores now on board. Inventory may be inspected at my office

J. E. McMILLAN, Marshal in Admiralty.

fe20

### SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

**Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.**

THE RING.

MITCHELL AND CORBETT WILL MEET.

NEW YORK Feb. 18.—Chas. Mitchell met Wm. A. Brady and Billey Delaney, Corbett's representatives at the World office at 4 o'clock this afternoon and covered Brady's deposit of $10,000. They then objected to the division of the purse to be fought for, and so the negotiations are ended for the present. After agreeing on the date of the fight, which was fixed for the second week in December, on the rules, size of gloves, etc., Brady said: "It is agreed, of course, that the winner shall take all the purse." "Oh, no," said Mitchell, "I think there should be a division." Brady said that he wanted it to be all or nothing, but he said he was willing to let $1000 go to the loser for expenses. Mitchell, however, demanded that the purse be divided 80 to 20 per cent. Brady would not agree to this, and, as an argument, said that the purse might be $75,000, in which case Mitchell would receive $15,000 for fighting Corbett, which was really $5000 more than he was betting on the outside. Brady, finally, on his own responsibility, agreed to let the loser have $2500 instead of $1000. Mitchell, however, would listen to no other arrangement than he had stated as to a division of the purse. Brady telegraphed Corbett to find out what further concessions he was willing to make, and received a reply from him at St. Paul: "If I can't whip that windbag, I don't want a cent. The winner must take all."

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Charles Mitchell has conceded all the conditions demanded by Corbett, and a fight between the two men is now assured. The only point of difference at the meeting to-day between Brady and Mitchell which seemed to seriously threaten the prospects of a fight has been conceded by Mitchell, the question of the division of the stakes. The two parties met this evening in the office of the Dramatic News. Mitchell was accompanied by "Squire" Abingdon, Baird, his backer; Abrahams, the English lawyer, and his secretary, Bailey. Brady and Billy Delaney represented Corbett. After a very little preliminary discussion, Mitchell announced that he was willing to concede that the winner should have all the stakes. Mitchell went on to say he considered that he was perfectly right in asking that a percentage of the stakes should go to the loser, but as Corbett seemed determined to win or lose he (Mitchell) would not let it stand in the way of a match being arranged. He intimated that he thought Corbett was obstinate only to make it appear that he (Mitchell) did not want to fight. Superintendent Byrnes' action in declaring that he would arrest all concerned in making a match in New York was discussed. In view of this it was decided, as a safeguard not to sign articles at present, and to withdraw the money held by George Dickenson. Accordingly each man withdrew his $10,000. An agreement was then drawn up that representatives of each party should meet on Saturday, February 25, at 9 p.m., an the Canadian side of Niagara Falls, and there deposit the stakes and sign articles. Mitchell and Brady affixed their signatures to the agreement. It was understood by all that the arrangements as made on Friday in reference to the time of the match (December) and the size of the ring (24 feet) should be considered as binding. There was some talk of increasing the size of the stakes. Mitchell said he was perfectly willing to make the stakes $25,000 each if Corbett would so agree.

MITCHELL'S VIEWS ON FIGHTING.

The Herald has had an interview with Charles Mitchell, in which the pugilist says, referring to his fight with Sullivan at Chantilly:—"I think," said the fighter, in a tone of cautious deliberation, "that the Sullivan fight was a harder one than this is likely to be. My own opinion is that Sullivan is the greatest fighter ever born, and if Corbett had tackled him in his prime, he would not be champion to-day—I mean Corbett."

"What do you think of Corbett as compared with Jackson?"

"Well," said Mitchell, with some hesitancy, "I sometimes think the less I say about these people the better it is for me, but after all, what's a fellow to do? They come to me and ask a lot of questions, and of course I answer them; then the papers come out and say, 'Here's Charlie Mitchell talking again.' I suppose I ought to grin and bear it, and do like the fellow in the Scriptures, when they punched one of his eyes, turn round and say, 'here's the other one, fill that up too, won't you?' But I don't mind saying that I think Corbett's chance with Jackson would be better now than ever. When he fought him to a draw in San Francisco he was a young, inexperienced man, and the black fellow had already made a record. Now Corbett has been sparring round the country and fought Sullivan and all that, and can do better than he did before. That's why I think his chances are better than they were."

"What do you think about fighting a black man?"

"What odds does the color make? A fighter is a fighter. I'm blowed if I don't think Corbett will be wanting to fight no man unless he has got a college education, and he has been through Harvard or Yale, or Oxford, or Cambridge. What's the ring coming to, anyway? Why look here, I've been fighting for 12 or 13 years before I came over here. This man said all he wanted was the satisfaction of punching me, as soon as I got here he began to talk about a $10,000 stake, and $25,000 of gate money, a fortune, by Jove, and I suppose, until two years ago, he never saw a hundred dollars in his life. I came here prepared with my stake money, and anxious to fight within ten weeks from the date of signing, but he wants to put it off for a year so that it won't interfere with his show business. Meantime, he can get all the benefit of the advertisement, and Mr. Brady can go round bluffing. Will, I'm not in the show business myself and all I came over here for is to fight."

NEW York, Feb. 20.—The National wallpaper company's factory, at 425 West 23rd street, consisting of six floors, packed with stock, was burned to the ground this morning. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Gold to the amount of $3,500,000 has been engaged for shipment to Europe to-morrow by the steamship Lahn.


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Is sure to get broken at last;"
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In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up a office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.

The Company reserves the right to change the above time table at any time without notice.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

fe16-td



## PIANO AND ORGAN.

I am prepared to receive pupils for instruction in Pianoforte and Organ, at the rooms lately occupied by the Conservatory of Music, Douglas Street. Terms on application to Waitt's Music Store, Government Street.

GEORGE J. BURNETT, Organist St. Andrew's Pres. Church.

fe7-2w



## Notice of Removal.

The office of the Spokane and Great Northern Mining Co. is removed to 104 Yates St.

WILLIAM BAINES, Agent.

fe9-1m